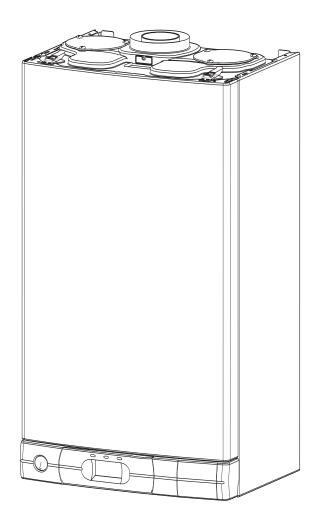


# Minima HE

#### **CONDENSING WALL HUNG COMBINATION BOILER**

Heating and Instantaneous Domestic Hot Water - Fanned Flue system

## Installation, Servicing and Operating Instructions



Manufacturers N°	Model Type	Gas Council N		
3650007.31	Minima HE 24 Nat	47 - 980 - 33		
3650008.31	Minima HE 30 Nat	47 - 980 - 34		
3650009 31	Minima HF 35 Nat	47 - 980 - 35		











#### These instructions are suitable for the Minima HE boilers:

#### Do not forget the Log Book!

Chaffoteaux & Maury supports Benchmark, the heating industry code to ensure the correct installation, commissioning and servicing of domestic central heating systems.

#### To The Householder

Make sure that your installer completes Section 24 of this manual (page 60). This provides a record of the commissioning of your boiler.

It contains important information about your particular installation that may be required by service engineers. It will also provide contact details for the installer should you need guidance in the use of this appliance or if there are any problems.

As with your car, your boiler will work more reliably and efficiently if regularly serviced. We recommend an annual service check. The service history of the appliance must be recorded in Section 25 of this manual (page 61).

In the unlikely event of any problems with your boiler or system you should first contact your installer. If your installer cannot resolve the problem he should telephone our national service helpline.

A charge may be made if Chaffoteaux & Maury Service is called out to resolve a non-product related fault.

Your statutory rights are not affected.

#### To The Installer

As part of the commissioning of this appliance it is necessary to complete Section 24 of this manual (page 60) and give this manual to the Householder. Please ensure that your customer is aware of the importance of keeping this manual safe as a record of the installation (Section 24, page 60) and the appliance service history (Section 25, page 61).

Please ensure that your customer is aware of the correct operation of the system, boiler and controls.

MTS recommend the use of protective clothing, when installing and working on the appliance i.e. gloves.

#### **CUSTOMER CARE**

Chaffoteaux & Maury, as a leading manufacturer of domestic and commercial water heating appliances is committed to providing high quality products and a high quality after sales service.

Advice on installation or servicing can also be obtained by contacting the Chaffoteaux Technical and Customer Service Departments at High Wycombe.

TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT CUSTOMER SERVICE DEPARTMENT

Tel: 0870 241 8180 Tel: 0870 600 9888 Fax: 01494 459775 Fax: 01494 459775

#### **GUARANTEE**

The manufacturer's guarantee is for 24 months from the date of purchase. The guarantee is voidable if the appliance is not installed in accordance with the recommendations made herein or in a manner not approved by the manufacturer and if the appliance is not serviced in accordance with manufacturers instructions and the Service Interval Record (Section 25, page 60) is not completed after the first year. To assist us in providing you with an efficient after sales service, please return the guarantee registration card enclosed with the boiler without delay.

#### **CAUTION**

In the United Kingdom, installation, start-up, adjustments and maintenance, must be performed by a competent person only, in accordance with the current Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations and the instructions provided.

In the Republic of Ireland, the installation and initial start up of the appliance must be carried out by a Competent Person in accordance with the current edition of I.S.813 "Domestic Gas Installations", the current Building Regulations, reference should also be made to the current ETCI rules for electrical installation.

All CORGI registered installers carry a CORGI ID card, and have a registration number. Both should be recorded in your boiler Log Book. You can check your installer is CORGI registered by calling CORGI direct on:- (01256) 372300.

Improper installation may cause damage or injury to individuals, animals and personal property for which the manufacturer will not be held liable. To ensure efficient and safe operation it is recommended that the boiler is serviced annually by a competent person.

If it is known that a fault exists on the appliance, it must not be used until the fault has been corrected by a competent person.

This instruction booklet is especially designed for appliances installed in the UK and the Republic of Ireland

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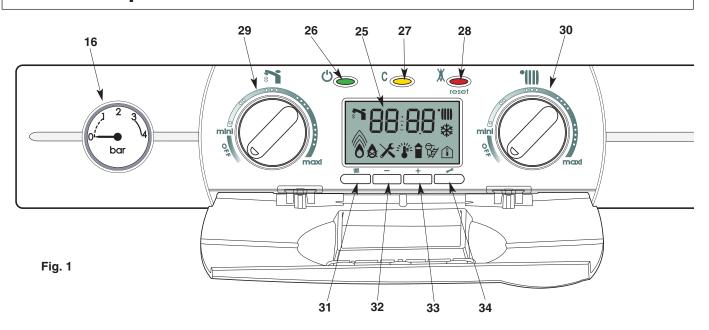
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#### **INTRODUCTION**

The MINIMA HE is a fully automatic, wall mounted, low water content condensing combination boiler. It is a room sealed, fan assisted, balanced flued appliance providing central heating and mains pressure domestic hot water on demand. It has electronic ignition and is suitable for all modern electrical control systems. The boiler is designed for sealed systems only and a circulating pump, expansion vessel together with a pressure gauge and safety valve are included within the boiler.

## **USER INSTRUCTIONS**

## 1. Control panel



#### Control panel (Fig. 1)

25.- Display

26.- On/off push button and power on indicator light

27.- Yellow indicator - Comfort button

28.- Reset push button and red indicator lock-out light

29.- DHW control knob and temperature setting

30.- Central Heating control knob \* and temperature setting

31.- Menu key

32.- Reducing key

33.- Increasing key

34.- Setting key

#### **Connecting bracket**

Taps shown in Open position (Fig. 2)

39: Gas service tap

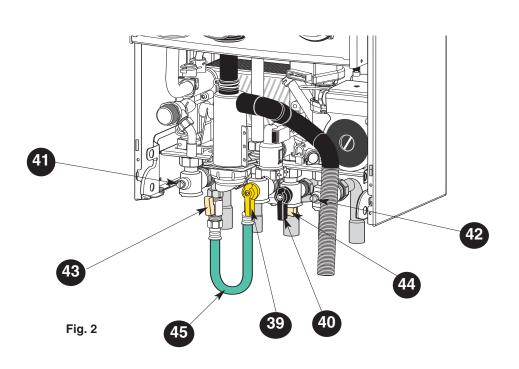
40: Water service tap

41 : Central heating flow isolating valve

42: Central heating return isolating valve

43 & 44: Filling taps

45: Filling loop

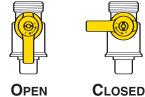


#### 2. How to use

#### Switching on and filling instructions

- 1. Check the pressure in the central heating system is above 0.7 bar and below 1.5 bar with the pressure gauge 16 (fig.1), should it be neccessary to re-pressurise the system, ensure the filling loop 45 (fig. 2) is attached, open the filling taps 43 & 44, the pressure gauge will now start to rise, once the pressure reads 1.0 bar, close the filling taps and disconnect the filling
- 2. Check that the gas service tap is opened at the gas meter and the main power is on. Green indicator 26  $\,^{\circ}$  Power ON
- 3. Open the gas tap 39 (fig.2).
- 4. The boiler is now ready to use.

Note: If the boiler is left off for a long time, some air in the gas pipe can hinder the first lighting attempts. (please refer to Section 19 Incorrect Function, page 47)



#### Time setting

You can set the time by using the keys underneath the display.

By pressing the setting key for more than 5 seconds the hours willl begin to flash. You can now set the correct hour by using the + and - keys. By pressing the setting key will make the minutes flash. You can set the minutes by using the + or - keys. Pressing the setting key once more will store the set time.

NOTE: THIS IS NOT A TIMER FOR CH CONTROL

#### **DHW** mode

Turn the control knob 29 between min and max. During the adjustment, flashes.

The flashing goes on for a while after the adjustment, then the display indicates the time.

When DHW is drawn, the display indicates the following:



#### Comfort mode

To activate the comfort mode it is necessary to press the comfort button, this will be indicated by a yellow light. The comfort mode has priority over any other heating request.

There are two settings for the comfort mode (they can be adjusted in the parameters menu, see Section 17 Adjustments and Settings):

- 1. As soon as DHW is drawn, the secondary heat exchanger is kept warm for 30 mins.
- 2. As soon as DHW is drawn, the secondary heat exchanger is kept warm permanently.

When the boiler is operating in 'comfort mode' the display indicates the following:

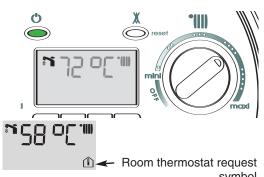


#### **Heating mode**

Turn the control knob 30 between min and max. During the adjustment

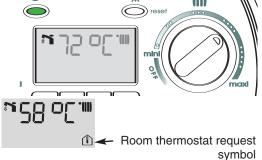
The flashing goes on for a while after the adjustment, the display will then indicate:

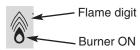
- the central heating flow temperature if the room thermostat is calling for heat.
- the time if the room thermostat is OFF.



#### **BURNER ON and output level**

The flame digits will increase or decrease depending on the output.





#### Stand-by mode

Turn the control knobs **29** and **30** to the **OFF** position to deactivate the DHW and Heating. Leave the ON/OFF button On with the green light on.

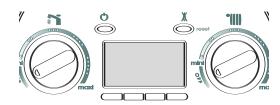
During the stand-by mode the display indicates the time, anti-seizing and anti-freezing will be active.



#### Switch OFF

Press the button ON/OFF.

During this mode the boiler will not operate, but is still connected to the mains.



#### Anti-freezing mode

Turn the control knobs **29** and **30** to **OFF** to switch off the heating and hot water functions. Leave the On/Off button on with the green light on.

When the anti-freeze comes on, the corresponding code is displayed with the snowflake pictogram  $^{*}$ .

The two possible codes are 05 (anti-freeze - pump only) or 06 (anti-freeze - burner).

05: When this mode is active, the circulating pump operates for one minute and the diverter valve switches every 23 hours.

Caution: in this mode, the room thermostat anti-freeze function is inoperative.

Boiler anti-freeze function: the pump starts at 8°C

the burner starts at 3°C



### 3. Maintenance

As with your car, your boiler will work more reliably and efficiently if regularly serviced. We recommend an annual service check. The service history of the appliance will be marked in the Log Book.

### 4. Guarantee

The manufacturer's guarantee is for 24 months from the date of purchase. The guarantee is voidable if the appliance is not installed in accordance with the recommendations made herein or in a manner not approved by the manufacturer and if the appliance is not serviced in accordance with manufacturers instructions and the Service Interval Record (Section 25, page 60) is not completed after the first year. To assist us in providing you with an efficient after sales service, please return the guarantee registration card enclosed with the boiler without delay.

### 5. Practical information

#### Cleaning the casing and control panel

Should it be necessary to clean the casing and control panel. do so only with a soft damp cloth, do not use any spray polishes or cleaners.

#### Precaution to avoid freezing

We recommend you contact your installer or local service centre for further advice on the actions to be taken to avoid the system freezing.

#### • DHW system

Turn off the main cold water supply and drain the boiler:

- Open a hot water tap
- Unscrew the cold water inlet tail

#### • CH system

Chose one of the following solutions:

- 1) Drain completely the Central Heating system
- 2) Protect the Central Heating system with anti freeze chemical products and verify the concentration periodically
- 3) Leave the Heating mode switched on and set the room thermostat to anti-freeze mode (between 5 and 10°C)
- 4) Leave your boiler in stand by mode, the anti-freeze device will switch on the pump and the burner if necessary.

## 6. Fitting and setting the time clock

#### 6.1 Fitting the mechanical and digital time clocks

To fit the integral time clock it is necessary to proceed as follows;

- Isolate the electical supply to the appliance;
- Remove the front panel as described in Section 18.1.1;
- Remove the plastic cover on the right hand side (Fig. 3) and pull out the 4 wires (Fig. 4);
- Connect the time clock wires as follows;

#### MECHANICAL MODEL (Fig. 5)

Red Wire - Contact 1
Black Wire - Contact 2
Black Wire - Contact 3
Grey Wire - Contact 5

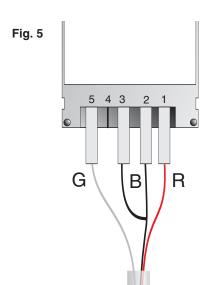


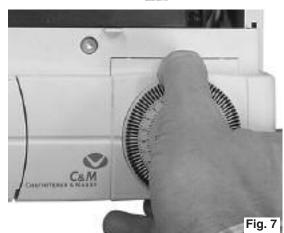
#### DIGITAL MODEL (Fig. 6)

Red Wire - Contact 1 Black Wire - Contact 2 Grey Wire - Contact 3

NOTE: SECOND BLACK WIRE IS NOT CONNECTED.

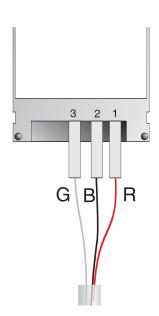
 Push the clock back into the panel and refit the casing panel (Fig. 7).











## 6. Fitting and setting the time clock (continued)

#### 6.2 Setting the mechanical clock

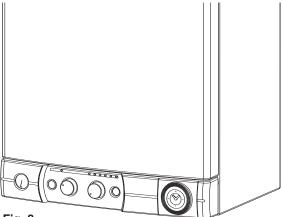


Fig. 8

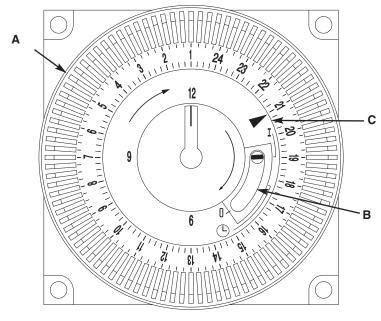


Fig. 9

#### 1. General layout

The mechanical clock covers a 24 hour period. Each tappet represents 15 minutes **A** (Fig. 9). An override switch is located on the clock **B** (Fig 9).

#### 2. To set the time

To set the time of day, grasp the outer edge of the dial and turn slowly clockwise until the correct time is lined up with the arrow  $\bf C$  (Fig. 4).

#### 3. To Set the "On" and "Off" times

The clock uses a 24hours system. e.g. 8 = 8.00 am and

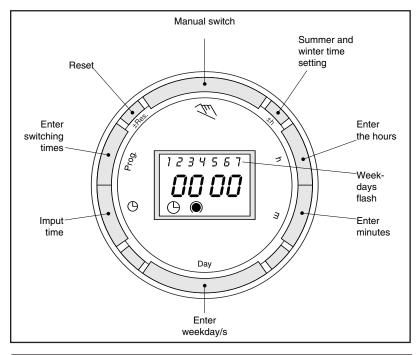
18 = 6.00 pm "ON" periods are set by sliding all tappets between the "ON" time and the "OFF" time to the outer edge of the dial. The tappets remaining at the centre of the dial are the "OFF" periods.

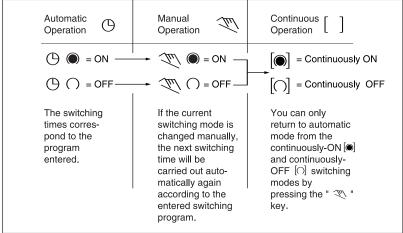
#### 4. For operation

Put the selector switch **B** to the <sup>©</sup> symbol to control the central heating by the clock. Put the switch **B** to «**I**» to select permanent operation or to «**0**» to turn the central heating off permanently.

## 6. Fitting and setting the time clock (continued)

#### 6.3 Setting the Digital Clock





#### Operating the time switch

The steps marked with the symbol " > " are necessary to carry out a switching program.

#### **Preparing for Operation**

- Activate the "Res" switch (=RESET) to reset the time switch to its default setting (activate using a pencil or similar pointed instrument). Do this:
  - every time you wish to "reset" the time switch
  - to erase all switching times and the current time of day.

After approximately two seconds the following display appears:

#### ► Enter current time and weekday

- Keep the "©" key pressed down

During the summer time period press the +/- 1h key once.

Enter the hour using the "h" key

Enter the minutes using the "m" key

Enter the day using the "Day" key

- 1 = "Monday".....7 = Sunday
- Release the "O" key.

## 6. Fitting and setting the time clock (continued)

#### Entering the switching times

You have 20 memory locations available. Each switching time takes up one memory location.

Keep pressing the "Prog" key until a free memory location is shown in the display "- -:- -".

Programme ON or OFF with the " " key:

"○"= OFF; "●"= ON

Enter the hour using "h"

Enter the minutes using "m"

If a switching command is to be carried out every day (1 2 3 4 5 6 7) then store using the "©" key, otherwise select the day(s) it is to be carried out by using the "Day" key.

When the day selection is left blank, the programmed switching instruction operates at the same time every day

1 2 3 4 5 6 = Monday – Saturday 1 2 3 4 5 = Monday – Friday 6 7 = Saturday – Sunday

Selection of single days: 1 = Mon. ..... 2 = Tues.

Save the switching time with the "O" key.

The time switch enters the automatic operating mode and displays the current time of day.

Begin any further entry of a switching time with the "Prog" switch. If your entry is incomplete, the segments not yet selected will blink in the display. After programming is completed, and you return the time clock to the current time display with the "Select weight with the time clock will not activate any switching instruction required for the current time. You may need to manually select the desired switching state with the "Text weight weight with the time clock will not activate any switching instruction required for the current time. You may need to manually select the desired switching state with the "Text weight with the time clock to the current time display with the "Desired switching instruction required for the current time. You may need to manually select the desired switching state with the "Text will correctly activate all subsequent switching instructions."

#### Manual Override Switch " 🤍 "

With the " Tyou can change the current setting at any time. The switching program already entered is not altered.

#### Reading the programmed switching times

Pressing the "Prog" key displays the programmed switching times until the first free memory location appears in the display "--: --".

If you now press the "Prog" key once again, the number of free memory locations will be displayed, e.g. "18". If all memory locations are occupied, the display "00" appears.

#### Changing the programmed switching times

Press the "Prog" key repeatedly until the switching time you want to change is displayed. You can now enter the new data. See point "Entering the switching times".

#### Notes on storing switching times:

If you end your entry of the switching times by pressing the "Prog" key, then the switching time you have entered will be stored and the next memory location displayed.

In addition, a complete switching command is stored **automatically** after around 90 seconds provided **no other** key is pressed. The time switch then enters the automatic operating mode and displays the current time again.

#### **Deleting individual switching times**

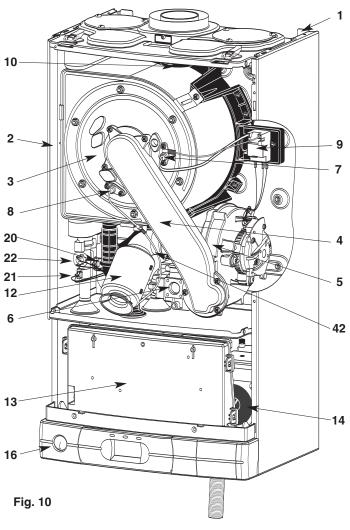
Press the "Prog" key repeatedly until the switching time you wish to delete is shown in the display. Then set to "--" using the "h" or "m" key and keep the "\bar{\to}" key pressed down for around 3 seconds. The switching time is now erased and the current time is displayed.

#### AM / PM time display

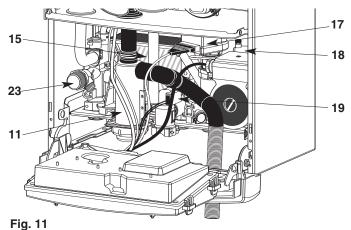
If you press the "+/-1h" and "h" keys at the same time, the time display switches into the AM/PM mode.

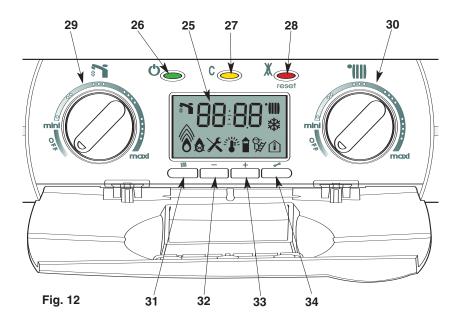
## **INSTALLER INSTRUCTIONS**

## 7. Description



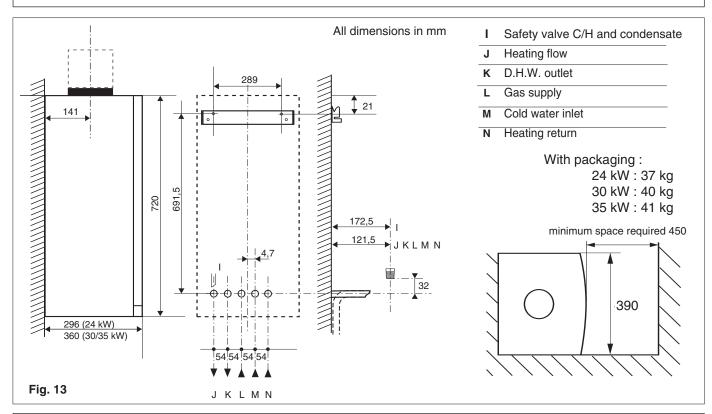
- 1.- Steel chassis complete with expansion vessel
- 2.- Sealed chamber
- 3.- Burner and heat exchanger assembly
- 4.- Air / gas connection
- 5.- 24 V modulating fan
- 6.- Gas valve
- 7.- Ignition electrode
- 8.- Ionisation probe
- 9.- Ignitor
- 10.- Combustion products manifold
- **11**.- Siphon
- 12.- Silencer
- 13.- Electrical box
- **14**.- Pump
- 15.- Secondary heat exchanger
- 16.- Pressure gauge
- 17.- Three way valve
- 18.- Automatic air vent
- 19 Domestic hot water flowswitch
- 20.- Main exchanger inlet thermistor
- 21.- Main exchanger outlet thermistor
- 22.- Overheat sensor
- 23.- Central heating pressure relief valve



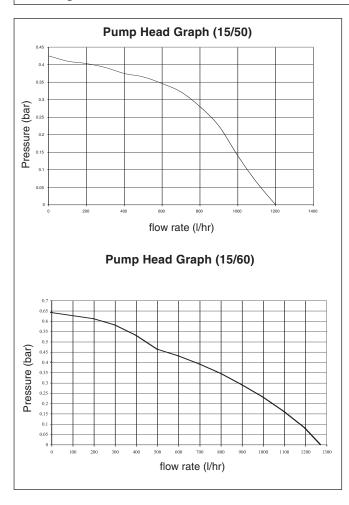


- 25.- Display
- **26.** On/off push button and power on indicator light
- 27.- Yellow indicator Comfort button
- 28.- Reset push button and red indicator locking light
- 29.- DHW control knob and temperature setting
- **30**.- Central Heating control knob and temperature setting
- 31.- Menu key
- 32.- Reducing key
- 33.- Increasing key
- 34.- Setting key

### 8. Dimensions



## 9. Hydraulic data



The boiler is fitted with an automatic by-pass as standard.

The graph (Fig. 9) shows the development of the pressure available in relation to flow (on exit from the boiler  $\Delta T$  20°C).

To ensure correct operation, the minimum flow of the appliance must be 300 l/h. (Thermostatic taps closed).

#### Capacity of the installation.

The water heater is fitted with a pressurised expansion vessel.

Maximum volume of expansion vessel: 6 litres.(24 kW)

7 litres.(30 / 35 kW)

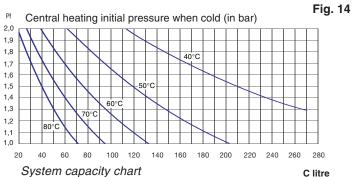
Pressure: 1 bar.

The volume of the expansion vessel in a pressurised appliance varies according to:

- the average operating temperature in °C
- the static height, which is the difference in metres between the highest point of the appliance and the expansion vessel axis).

The minimum cold filling pressure of the appliance is 1 bar (recommended pressure between 1.2 and 1.7 bar).

The pressure of the expansion vessel should always be greater than the static height (in metres) divided by 10.



13

## 10. Installation requirements

#### Reference Standards

In the United Kingdom, the installation and initial start up of the boiler must be by a CORGI Registered installer in accordance with the installation standards curently in effect, as well as with any and all local health and safety standards i.e. CORGI.

In the Republic of Ireland the installation and initial start up of the appliance must be carried out by a Competent Person in accordance with the current edition of I.S.813 "Domestic Gas Installations" and the current Building Regulations, reference should also be made the the current ETCI rules for electrical installation.

The installation of this appliance must be in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Local Building Regulations, the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations, the by-laws of the local water authority, in Scotland, in accordance with the Building Standards (Scotland) Regulation and Health and Safety document No. 635, "Elelectricity at Work Regulations 1989" and in the Republic of Ireland with the current edition of I.S. 813 and the Local Building Regulations (IE).

#### C.O.S.H.H.

Materials used in the manufacture of this appliance are non-hazardous and no special precautions are required when servicing.

#### **Codes of Practice**

Installation should also comply with the following British Standards Codes of Practice:

BS 7593:1992	Treatment of water in domestic hot water central heating systems
BS 5546:1990	Installation of hot water supplies for domestic purposes
BS 5440-1:2000	Flues
BS 5440-2:2000	Air Supply
BS 5449:1990	Forced ciculation hot water systems
BS 6798:2000	Installation of gas fired hot water boilers of rated input not exceeding 70kW
BS 6891:1989	Installation of low pressure gas pipe up to 28mm
BS 7671:2001	IEE Wiring Regulations
BS 4814:1990	Specification for expansion vessels
BS 5482:1994	Installation of L.P.G.

and in the Republic of Ireland in accordance with the following codes of practice

#### I.S. 813 Domestic Gas Installations

Avoid installing the boiler where the air inlet can be polluted by chemical products such as chlorine (swimming pool area), or ammonia (hair-dresser), or alkalin products (launderette)

#### Flue

Detailed information on flue assembly can be found in **Section 12** "Connecting the flue".

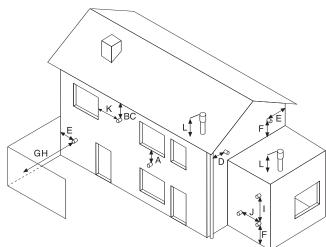
The boiler must be installed so that the flue terminal is exposed to the free passage of external air at all times and

must not be installed in a place likely to cause nuisance. It must not be allowed to discharge into another room or space such as an outhouse or closed lean-to.

Condensing boilers have a tendency to form a plume of water vapour from the flue terminal due to the low temperature of the flue gasses. The terminal should therefore be located with due regard for the damage or discolouration that might occur to buildings in the vicinity and consideration must also be given to adjacent boundaries, openable windows should also be taken into consideration when siting the flue.

Fig. 15

The minimum acceptable clearances are shown below:



A - Directly below an open window or other opening	300
B - Below gutters, solid pipes or drain pipes	<i>75</i>
C - Below eaves	200
D - From vertical drain pipes and soil pipes	<i>75</i>
E - From internal or external corners	300
F - Above ground on a public walkway or patio	2100
G - From a surface facing a terminal	2500
H - From a terminal facing a terminal	2500
I - Vertically from a terminal in the same wall	1500
J - Horizontally from a terminal in the same wall	300
K - Horizontally from an opening window	300
L - Fixed by vertical flue terminal	

NOTE: THE FLUE MUST NOT BE INSTALLED UNDER A CAR PORT ROOF OR IN A PLACE LIKELY TO CAUSE A NUISANCE.

It may be necessary to protect the terminal with a guard, if this is the case it will be necessary to purchase a stainless steel terminal guard. Reference should be made to the Building Regulations for quidance.

#### Ventilation

The room in which the boiler is installed does not require specific ventilation. If it is installed in a cupboard or compartment permanent ventilation is not required for cooling purposes.

#### **Gas Supply**

The gas installation and soundness testing must be in accordance with the requirements of BS 6891. Ensure that the pipe size is adequate for demand including other gas appliances on the same supply.

### 10. Installation requirements (continued)

#### **Electrical Supply**

The appliance requires an earthed 230V - 50 Hz supply and must be in accordance with current I.E.E. It must also be possible to be able to completely isolate the appliance electrically. Connection should be via a 3 amp fused double-pole isolating switch with contact separation of at least 3 mm on both poles. Alternatively, a fused 3 Amp. 3 pin plug and unswitched socket may be used, provided it is not used in a room containing a bath or shower. It should only supply the appliance.

The boiler is suitable for sealed systems only. The maximum working pressure for the appliance is 6 bar. All fittings and pipework connected to the appliance should be of the same standard. If there is a possibility of the incoming mains pressure exceeding 6 bar, particularly at night, then a suitable pressure limiting valve must be fitted.

The boiler is designed to provide hot water on demand to multiple outlets within the property. If there is a requirement for greater demands, for example if the property has several bathrooms and cloakrooms, a vented or unvented hot water storage system may be used.

#### **Showers**

Any shower valves used with the appliance should be of a thermostatic or pressure balanced type. Refer to the shower manufacturer for performance guidance and suitability.

#### **Flushing and Water Treatment**

The performance of the appliance could be impaired by system debris or the effects of corrosion. When the installation and filling are completed, flush the system while cold, refill, turn on the Central Heating System (Section 2 page 6) and run it until the boiler reaches its operating temperature. The system must then be immediately flushed through. The flushing procedure must be in line with BS 7593:1992 code of practice for treatment of water in domestic hot water central heating systems.

During this operation the use of a central heating flushing detergent is compulsory, whose function is to disolve any foreign matter that may be in the boiler and system following the flushing procedure.

Substances different from these could create serious problems to the pump or other components.

The use of an inhibitor is also compulsory to prevent corrosion (sludge) damaging the boiler and system.

Failure to carry out this procedure will invalidate the appliance warranty.

For more information on the use of corrosion inhibitors, flushing and descaling agents, advice can be sought from the manufacturers of water treatment products such as:

Betz Dearborn Ltd Foundry Lane Widnes Cheshire WA8 8UD

Tel: 0151 424 5351

Fernox Manufacturing Britannica Works Clavering Essex CB11 4QZ Tel: 01799 550811

#### System Controls

The boiler is electrically controlled and is suitable for most modern electronic time and temperature controls. The addition of such external controls can be beneficial to the efficient operation of the system. The boiler connections for external controls are 24V and so only controls of 24V or that have voltage free contacts should be used. (Section 13 Electrical Connections - page 27).

#### Location

The boiler can be installed on any suitable internal wall. Provision must be made to allow the correct routing of the flue and siting of the terminal to allow the safe and efficient removal of the flue products. A compartment or cupboard may be used provided that it has been purpose-built or modified for the purpose. It is not necessary to provide permanent ventilation for cooling purposes. Detailed recommendations are given in BS 5440 pt 2. If it is proposed that it is installed in a timber framed building then reference should be made to British Gas Document DM2, or advice sought from CORGI.

Where a room sealed appliance is installed in a room containing a bath or shower, the appliance and any electrical switch or appliance control, utilising mains electricity should be situated specifically in accordance with current IEE Wiring Regulations.

For unusual locations, special procedures may be necessary. **BS 6798:2000** gives detailed guidance on this aspect.

#### **Condensate Discharge**

The condensate discharge hose from the boiler must have a continuous fall of 2.5° and must be inserted by at least 50mm into a suitable acid resistant pipe - e.g. plastic waste or overflow pipe. The condensate discharge pipe must have a minimum diameter of 22mm, must have a continuous fall and preferably be installed and terminated to prevent freezing. The discharge pipe must be terminated in a suitable position:

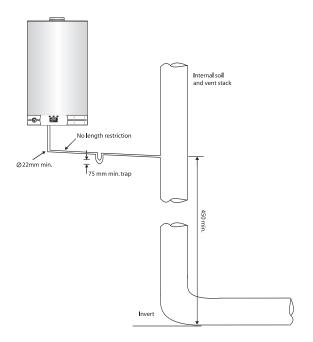
- i) Connecting into an internal soil stack (at least 450mm above the invert of the stack). A trap giving a water seal of at least 75mm must be incorporated into the pipe run, there also must be an air break upstream of the trap.
- ii) Connecting into the waste system of the building such as a washing machine or sink trap. The connection must be upstream of the washing machine/sink. If the connection is down stream of the waste trap then an additional trap giving a minimum water seal of 75mm and an air break must be incorporated in the pipe run, as above.
- iii) Terminating into a gully, below the grid level but above the water level.
- iv) Into a soakaway.

Note: If any condensate pipework is to be installed externally then it should be kept to a minimum and be insulated with a waterproof insulation and have a continuous fall. The total length of external pipe used should not exceed 3 metres

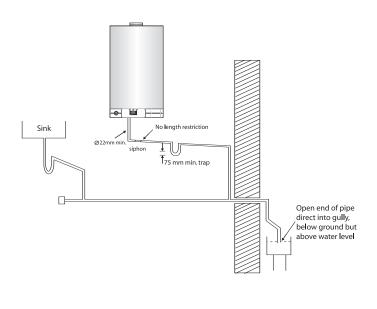
Some examples of the type of condensate terminations can be found on page 13.

## 10. Installation requirements (continued)

1. Internal termination of condensate drainage pipe to internal stack

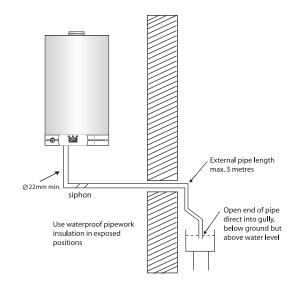


External termination of condensate drainage pipe via internal discharge branch (e.g. sink waste) and condensate



- 3. External termination of condensate drainage pipe via
- internal discharge branch (e.g. sink waste proprietary fitting).

4. External termination of condensate drainage pipe via condensate siphon



## 11. Installing the boiler

Please check that you are familiar with the installation requirements before commencing work (Section 10).

The installation accessories described in the following list are included in the boiler packaging:

- Hanging bracket
- A paper template (showing the dimensions of the boiler with 5 mm side clearances)
- Connection tails and valves
- Screws and washers
- Connection washers
- Installation, Servicing and Operating Instructions

#### Method of positioning the boiler on the wall.

The paper template can be used to ensure the correct positioning of kitchen cabinets etc. It also details the commissioning instructions.

The paper template has to be fixed to the wall and used to locate the position of the hanging bracket and the centre for the flue hole.

Drill and plug the wall and secure the hanging bracket using the screws provided. Remove the boiler from its packaging as shown in Fig. 16 and unscrew the two clamp locking bolts **A** and remove the casing (Fig. 17).

Place the boiler on the wall on the hanging bracket (Fig. 18).

NOTE: THE APPLIANCE MUST NOT BE FITTED ON A COMBUSTIBLE WALL SURFACE.

#### Connecting the boiler to the system

- Remove the boiler casing as described in Section 18.
- Push in the tabs "P" (Fig. 18) on either side of the boiler and pivot the electrical box forward to gain access to the valve connections
- Remove the caps and connect the boiler to the taps using washers provided in the plastic bag.
  - 4 x fibre washers for the C/H flow and return, hot water outlet and cold water inlet connections
  - 1 x rubber washer for gas connection

#### Safety valve discharge

The pressure relief valve tube is made of copper. It should terminate below the boiler safely outside the premises. Care should be taken that it does not terminate over an entrance or window or where a discharge of heated water could endanger occupants or passers by.

Fill the Central Heating and DHW system and bleed air from system as described in Section 14.

The system should be carefully checked for leaks, as frequent refilling could cause premature system corrosion or unnecessary scaling of the heat exchanger. The pipe from the siphon (11 Fig. 11) should be connected to a drain as described in the relevant Brittish regulations.

Pay special attention to not bend the condensate silicone drain pipe such as the flow will be interrupted. Please use exclusively drain pipe material compatible with condensate products. (refer to **BS 6798 : 2000**)

The condensate flow can reach 2 litres / hour; because of the acidity of the condensate products (Ph close to 2), take care before operation.

#### Fitting the Horizontal Flue

Attention! Before starting the boiler, the siphon (11 Fig. 11) must be filled with water. Before fitting the flue I onto the boiler, pour 1/4 litre of water in the exhaust pipe as shown in Fig. 20.

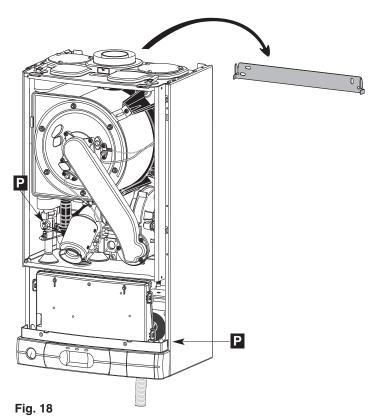
Instructions on fitting the flue can be found in Section 12.

#### IMPORTANT!!

Use only the specific condensation flue kit supplied by C&M.

## 11. Installing the boiler (continued)





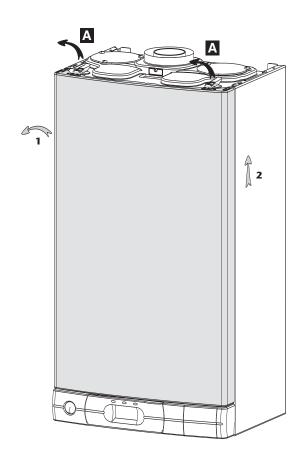


Fig. 17

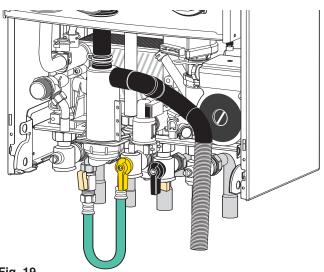


Fig. 19

## 12. Connecting the Flue

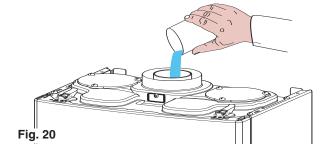
The boiler should only be installed with a flue system supplied by MTS (GB) Limited.

These kits are supplied separately to the appliance in order to respond to different installation solutions. For more information with regard to the inlet/outlet accessories consult the accessory catalogue. The boiler is supplied ready for connection to a concentric flue system.

NOTE: SEE PAGE 24 FOR MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM FLUE RUNS (TABLES A, B AND C)

#### **IMPORTANT!!**

BEFORE CONNECTING THE FLUE, ENSURE THAT 1/4 LITRE OF WATER HAS BEEN POURED INTO THE EXHAUST CONNECTION TO FILL THE CONDENSATE TRAP (FIG. 20). SHOULD THE TRAP BE EMPTY THERE IS A TEMPORARY RISK OF FLUE GASSES ESCAPING INTO THE ROOM.



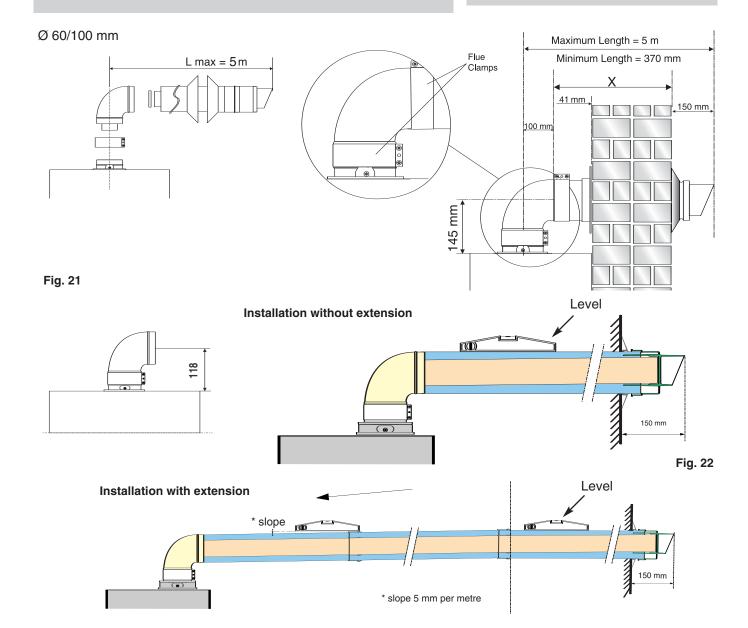
#### Warning

The exhaust gas ducts must not be in contact with or close to inflammable material and must not pass through building structures or walls made of inflammable material.

When replacing an old appliance, the flue system must be changed.

#### **Important**

Ensure that the flue is not blocked. Ensure that the flue is supported and assembled in accordance with these instructions.



#### 12.1 Fitting the coaxial flue (Ø 60/100 Horizontal)

CONTENTS:

1x SILICONE O-RING (60mm)

1x ELBOW (90°)

2x Wall Seals (Internal & External)

1x Flue Pipe including Terminal (1 metre - 60/100)

1x Flue CLAMP

1x Screws

1x Seal

Once the boiler has been positioned on the wall, insert the elbow into the socket and rotate to the required position. NOTE: It is possible to rotate the elbow 360° on its vertical axis.

Using the flue clamp, seals and screws supplied (Fig 23) secure the elbow to the boiler.

The 1 metre horizontal flue kit (3318073) supplied is suitable for an exact **X dimension** of 815mm.

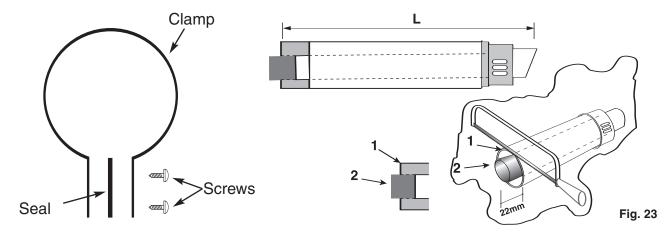
Measure the distance from the face of the external wall to the face of the flue elbow (X - Fig 21), this figure must now be subtracted from 815mm, you now have the total amount to be cut from the plain end of the flue.

Draw a circle around the outer flue and cut the flue to the required length taking care not to cut the inner flue, next cut the inner flue ensuring that the length between the inner and outer flue is maintained. (Fig 23).

X = 555mm

815-555 = 260mm (Length to be cut from the plain end of the flue).

Once cut to the required length, ensure that the flue is free from burrs and reassemble the flue. If fitting the flue from inside of the building attach the grey outer wall seal to the flue terminal and push the flue through the hole, once the wall seal has passed through the hole, pull the flue back until the seal is flush with the wall. Alternatively, the flue can be installed from outside of the building, the grey outer seal being fitted last.



#### 12.2 Fitting the 5" Flue (Ø 80 / 125 Horizontal/vertical)

Should the flue require extending, the flue connections are push fit, however, one flue bracket should be used to secure each metre of flue.

NOTE: SEE PAGE 19 FOR MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM FLUE RUNS.

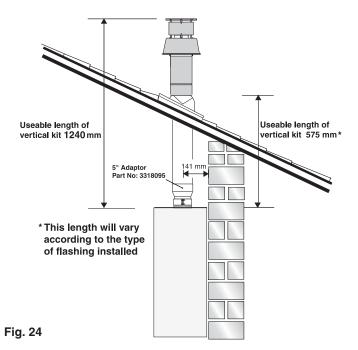
Once the boiler has been positioned on the wall, it is necessary to insert the Ø80/125 adaptor (Fig. 24) for both horizontal and vertical flue runs into the boiler flue socket (not supplied with flue kit - Part No 3318095).

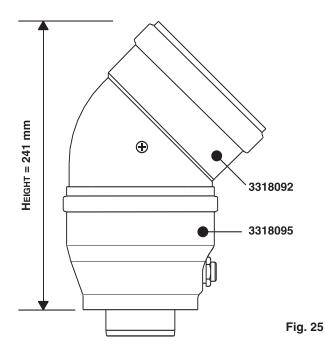
Push the adaptor onto the boilers flue connection, grease the seals then add extensions or elbows as required, secure the adaptor, using the clamp and screws provided.

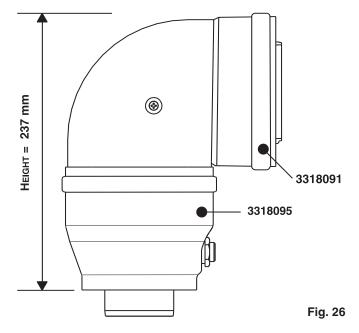
To fit extensions or elbows it is first necessary to ensure that the lip seal is fitted correctly into the inner flue, once verified, it is simply necessary to push them together, no clamps are necessary to secure the flue components.

Before proceeding to fit the flue, ensure that the maximum flue length has not been exceeded (See the tables on Page 19) and that all elbows and bends have been taken into consideration, the maximum flue length is 10 metres, for each additional 90° elbow 1 metre must be subtracted from the total flue length, and for each 45° 0.5 metres must be subtracted from the total flue length (the height of the vertical adaptor and a 45° bend can be seen in Fig. 25 and a 90° bend in Fig. 26).

NOTE: DO NOT CUT THE VERTICAL FLUE KIT.







#### 12.3 Fitting the Coaxial Flue (Ø 60 / 100 Vertical)

NOTE: SEE PAGE 24 FOR MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM FLUE RUNS.

CONTENTS:

1x SILICONE O-RING (60mm)

1x CONICAL ADAPTOR (60/100mm)

1x Vertical Flue Kit (80/125mm)

3x Screws

The vertical flue kit is supplied with a specially designed weather proof terminal fitted, it can be used either with a flat roof or a pitched roof.

The Vertical flue kits useable lengths with the pitched roof flashings are indicated in Fig. 27.

Before proceeding to fit the flue, ensure that the maximum flue length has not been exceeded (See the tables on Page 19) and that all elbows and bends have been taken into consideration, the maximum flue length is 4 metres, for each additional 90° elbow 1 metre must be subtracted from the total flue length, and for each 45° 0.5 metres must be subtracted from the total flue length (the height of the vertical adaptor and a 45° bend can be seen in Fig. 28).

Mark the position of the flue hole in the ceiling and/or roof (see Fig. 27 for distance from wall to the centre of the flue).

Cut a 120mm diameter hole through the ceiling and/or roof and fit the flashing plate to the roof.

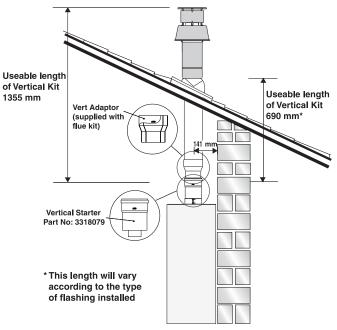
#### **DO NOT** cut the vertical flue kit.

To connect the vertical flue kit directly to the boiler, place the vertical starter kit (Part No. 3318079) (see Figs. 27 & 28) onto the exhaust manifold and secure with the clamp, fit the vertical adaptor onto the vertical starter kit (note: there is no need to use a clamp to secure this as it is a push fit connection), the vertical flue kit must then be inserted through the roof flashing, this will ensure that the correct clearance above the roof is provided as the terminal is a fixed height.

Should extensions be required, they are available in 1 metre (Part No. 3318077), 500mm (Part No. 3318078) and 160mm lengths, they must be connected directly to the vertical starter kit before connecting the adaptor to allow the vertical flue kit to be fitted. In the event that extension pieces need to be shortened, they <u>must</u> only be cut at the male end and it must be ensured that the inner and outer flue remain flush.

When utilising the vertical flue system, action must be taken to ensure that the flue is supported adequately to prevent the weight being transferred to the appliance flue connection by using 1 flue bracket per extension.

When the flue passes through a ceiling or wooden floor, there must be an air gap of 25mm between any part of the flue system and any combustible material. The use of a ceiling plate will facilitate this. Also when the flue passes from one room to another a fire stop must be fitted to prevent the passage of smoke or fire, irrespective of the structural material through which the flue passes.



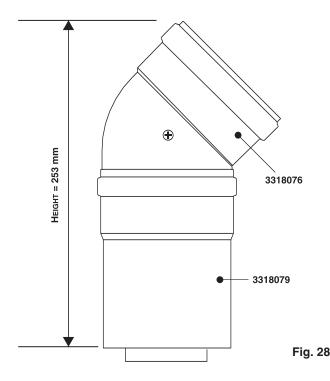


Fig. 27

## 12. Connecting the flue (continued)

#### 12.4 Fitting the twin pipe (Ø80/80)

NOTE: SEE PAGE 24 FOR MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM FLUE RUNS (TABLE C)

Where it is not possible to terminate the flue within the distance permitted for coaxial flues, the twin flue pipe can be used by fitting a special adaptor to the flue connector and using the aperture for the air intake located on top of the combustion chamber.

Always ensure that the flue is adequately supported, avoiding low points. (MTS supply suitable clamps as Part No. 705778). To utilise the air intake it is necessary to:

- 1) Take the air intake cover off
- 2) Assemble the flange on the header supplied with the boiler
- 3) Insert the restrictor if necessary, on the tube or the elbow
- 4) Insert the header on the tube or the elbow up until the lower stop

(you do not have to use the washer).

5) Insert the elbow/header in the boiler air intake hole and fasten it with screws

The twin flue pipes can be fitted with or without additional elbows and need no clamps, simply ensure that the red o-ring is inserted in the female end of the flue pipe and push the extension piece fully into the previous section of flue pipe or elbow, check that the o-ring is not dislodged when assembling the flue.

Twin pipe can also be converted back to Coaxial flue to enable vertical termination with a coaxial kit by using the pipe bridge (Twin - Coaxial Adaptor - Part No. 705767). When running the twin flue pipe vertically.

It is not recommended that the pipe bridge for horizontal termination, however in the unlikely event that this proves to be a necessity it is extremely important that the entire flue has a fall of 5mm in every metre back to the boiler, and where the 60mm inner flue of the concentric terminal connects to the pipe bridge, this point must be adequately sealed with silicone sealant to avoid condense leakage at this point.

When siting the twin flue pipe, the air intake and exhaust terminals must terminate on the same wall, the centres of the terminals <u>must</u> be a minimum of 280 mm apart and the air intake <u>must</u> not be sited above the exhaust terminal (refer to Fig. 33). The air intake pipe can be run horizontally, however, the terminal and the final 1 metre of flue must be installed with a fall away from the boiler to avoid rain ingress.

It is also strongly recommended that the air intake pipe run be constructed of insulated pipe to prevent condense forming on the outside of the tube.

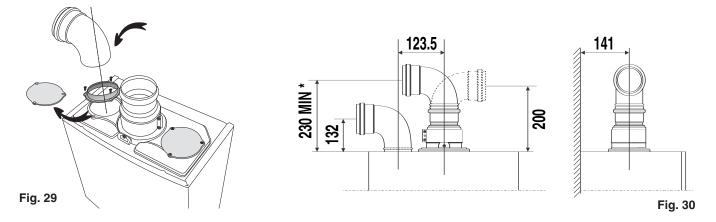
The maximum permissible flue length for twin flue is dependent on the type of run used.

For flue runs with the intake and exhaust pipes under the same atmospheric conditions (Type 4) the maximum length is 60 metres (24kW and 30kW), for runs with the terminals under different atmospheric conditions (Type 5) the exhaust terminal must extend 0.5 metres above the ridge of the roof (this is not obligatory if the exhaust and air intake pipes are located on the same side of the building). For Type 5 also, the maximum permissible combined length is 60 metres (24kW and 30kW).

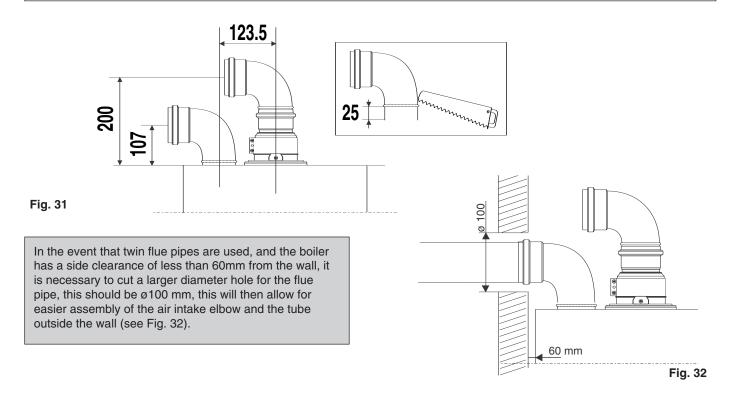
The maximum length is reached by combining the total lengths of both the air intake and exhaust pipes. Therefore a maximum length of 60 metres for example, will allow a flue run of 30 metres for the air intake and 30 metres for the exhaust pipes, also for each 90° elbow 2.2 metres must be subtracted from the total length and for each 45° elbow 1.4 metres must be subtracted from the total flue length.

Some of the acceptable flue configurations are detailed page 25.

For further information relating to flue runs not illustrated, please contact the Technical Department on 0870 241 8180.



## 12. Connecting the flue (continued)



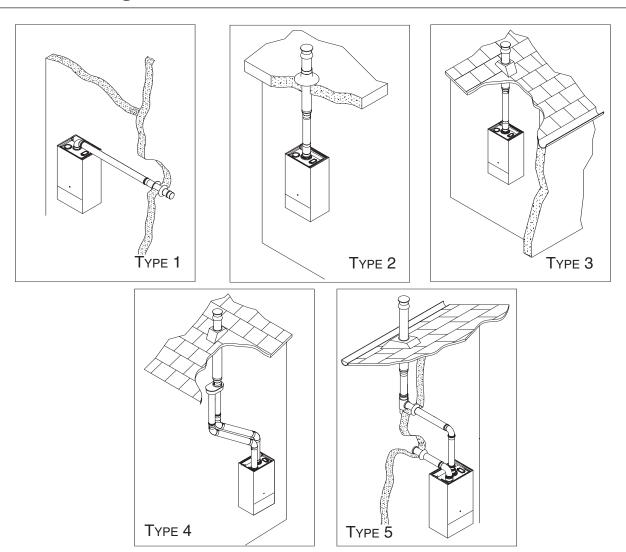
	Concentric outlet 60/100	Min length	Max. length		igth ency for
TABLE A	0.3 m	5m	45° elbow	0.5 m	
				90° elbow	1 m
	Concentric outlet 80/125	Min length	Max. length		
TABLE B	24 , 30 and 35 kW (Type 1)	0.3 m	10 m	45° elbow	0.5 m
	24 , 30 and 35 kW (Type 2, Type 3)	0.3 m	10 m	90° elbow	1 m
	Twin flue outlet 24 , 30 and 35 kW	Min length	Max. length		
TABLE C	10 m	60 m (30m air / 30m exhaust)	45° elbow	1.4 m	
	Type 5 80/80	10 m	60 m (30m air / 30m exhaust)	90° elbow	2.2 m

For coaxial systems, the maximum development value, mentioned in the table above also takes into account an elbow. For twin flue systems the maximum development value, mentioned in the table includes the exhaust gas/air intake terminal.

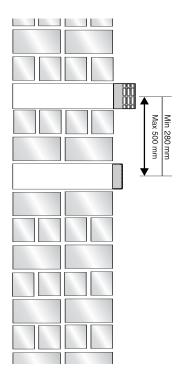
Type 5 outlets should respect the following instructions:

- 1- Use the same ø 80 mm flue pipes for the gas intakes and exhaust gas ducts.
- 2- If you need to insert elbows in the gas intake and exhaust gas ducts, you should consider for each one the equivalent length to be included in the calculation of developed length.
- 3- The exhaust gas duct should jut above the roof by at least 0.5 m.
- 4- The intake and exhaust gas ducts in Type 5 must be installed on the same wall, or where the exhaust is vertical and the air intake horizontal, the terminals must be on the same side of the building.

## 12. Connecting the flue (continued)



NOTE: DRAWINGS ARE INDICATIVE OF FLUEING OPTIONS ONLY.



## AIR INTAKE MUST NOT BE FITTED ABOVE THE EXHAUST

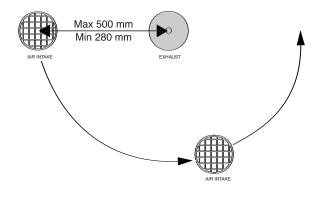


Fig. 33

### 13. Electrical connections

#### **Making the Electrical Connections**

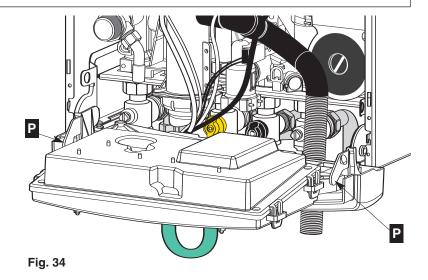
Hinge down the electrical box to gain access to the electrical connections. Push in the tabs P (Fig. 34) on either side of the boiler and pivot the box forward.

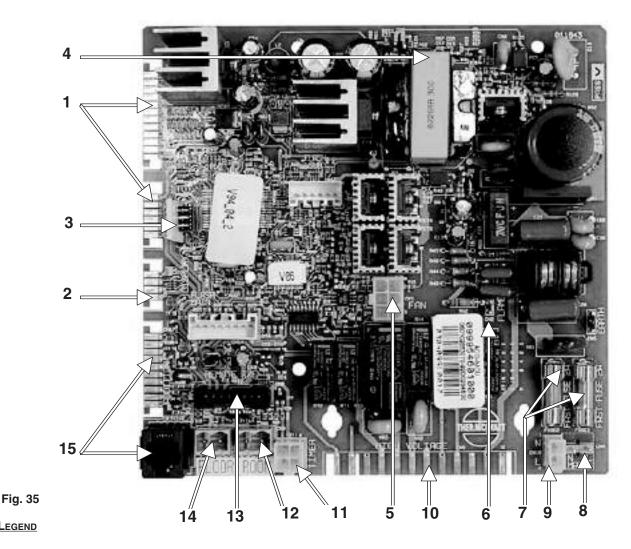
Remove the PCB cover (see Section 18.4 - page 50). Connect the live neutral and earth wires to the main cable.

If using a room thermostat or other external control, they can be connected in place of the link on the terminal block (Diagram A- Fig.36).

Note: Use only controls designed for voltage free switching or 24V supply. Do not connect to a 230V supply, and do not run 230v cables alongside the low voltage cables.

All necessary settings for room thermostat operations are described in Section 17 ADJUSTMENTS AND SETTINGS.





#### **LEGEND**

- 1 NTC Connectors
- 2 **Display Connectors**
- 3 **EEPROM Key**
- 24V DC Supply 4
- 5 Fan Connector
- Flame Detection Connector 6
- Fuses 2A 230V (X2)

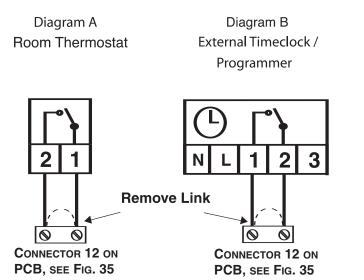
- 8 230V Connector
- 9 Auxillary 230V Connector
- 10 **Actuators 230V Connector**
- Time Clock Connector (Internal) 11
- 12 **Room Thermostat Connector**
- Remote Control Connector 13
- 14 **Under Floor Heating Connector**
- 15 Not Used

## 13. Electrical connections (continued)

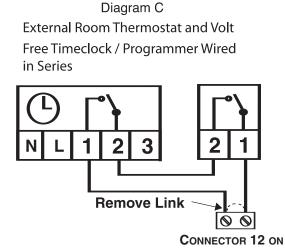
- If a remote time clock is to be fitted, using a volt-free switching time clock, remove the link wire and connect the switching wires from the time clock following points above (see also **Diagram B Fig. 36**).
- If using an external time clock and room thermostat, remove the link wire and connect in series as above (see also Diagram C Fig. 36).

Live and Neutral connections to operate the clock motor must be taken from a suitable source.

Connector 11 (Fig. 36), is provided for connecting an optional integral time clock or programmer, for fitting instructions, please refer to those provided with the clock or page 8 of this manual.



Ensure low voltage and high voltage circuits are cabled seperately to avoid induced voltages in the low voltage circuits



Timeclock and Room Thermostat low voltage compatible

PCB, SEE Fig. 35

## 14. Commissioning and testing

#### 14.1 Initial preparation

MTS (GB) Limited support the \*\*Denchmark\*\* initiative. In Sections 24 and 25 (pages 59 and 60) of this manual the \*\*Denchmark\*\* Commissioning Checklist and Service Interval Record can be found. It is important that this is completed in the presence of your customer, they are shown how to use it, and it is signed by them. Please instruct your customer that they must have this manual with them whenever they contact a service engineer or us.

Preliminary electrical system checks to ensure electrical safety must be carried out by a competent person i.e. polarity, earth continuity, resistance to earth and short circuit. FILLING THE HEATING SYSTEM:

Remove the front casing panel and lower the control panel as described in Section 18.1 (page 37).

Open the central heating flow and return cocks supplied with the connection kit;

Unscrew the cap on the automatic air release valve one full turn and leave open permanently;

Close all air release valves on the central heating system;

Gradually open the valves at the filling point (filling loop) until water is heard to flow, do not open fully;

Open each air release tap starting with the lowest point and close them only when clear water free of air is visible;

Purge the air from the pump by unscrewing the pump plug anti-clockwise, also manually rotate the pump shaft in the direction indicated by the pump label to ensure the pump is free.

Refit the pump plug;

Continue filling the system until at least 1.5 bar registers on the pressure gauge:

Inspect the system for water soundness and remedy any leaks discovered.

FILLING OF THE DHW SYSTEM:

Close all hot water draw off taps;

Open the cold water inlet cock supplied with the connection kit:

Slowly open each draw off tap and close them only when clear water, free of bubbles, is visible.

GAS SUPPLY:

Inspect the entire installation including the gas meter and test for soundness. The entire installation should be in accordance with the relevant standards. In GB this is BS 6891 and in IE this is the current edition on I.S.813.

The connection on the the appliance is a 15mm copper tail located at the rear of the gas service cock (39 Fig. 2 - page 5)

If the gas supply serves other appliances, ensure that an adequate supply is available both to the boiler and the other appliances when they are in use at the same time.

Pipe work must be of an adequate size. Pipes of less than 22mm should not be used.

Open the gas cock (supplied with the connection kit) to the appliance and check the gas connection on the appliance for leaks.

When installation and filling are completed, adequately purge the gas installation of air, flush the sytem while cold, refill, turn on the Central Heating system (Section 2 - page 6) and run it until the boiler operating temperature has been reached. The system must then be immediately flushed through.

The flushing procedure must be in line with BS 7593:1992 code of practice for treatment of water in domestic hot water central heating systems.

During this operation, we highly recommend the use of a central heating flushing detergent (Fernox Superfloc or equivalent), whose function is to disolve any foreign matter that may be in the boiler and sytem following the flushing procedure.

Substances different from these could create serious problems to the pump or other components.

The use of an inhibitor is also compulsory to prevent corrosion (sludge) damaging the boiler and system.

Failure to carry out this procedure will invalidate the

#### 14.2 Initial start-up

appliance warranty.

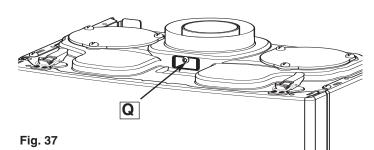
## The checks to be run before initial start-up are as follows:

- 1. Make sure that:
- The screw on the automatic air valve has been loosened when the system is full;
- If the water pressure in the system is below 1.5 bar, bring it up to the appropriate level;
- Ensure that the gas cock is closed;
- Make sure that the electrical connection has been made properly and that the earth wire is connected to an efficient earthing system;
- Supply power to the boiler by pushing the on/off button 26 (Fig. 1) the green led indicator light will illuminate;
- -Turn the central heating control knob 29 (Fig. 1) to maximum and switch the time clock (if fitted) to constant and turn up the room thermostat (where fitted);
- After 7 seconds, the boiler will signal a shutdown due to ignition failure. Leave the boiler as it is until all the air has been bled from the system;
- Loosen the cap on the head of the pump to eliminate any air pockets;
- Repeat the procedure for bleeding the radiators of air;
- Open the hot water taps for a short period;
- Check the system pressure and, if it has dropped, open the filling loop again to bring the pressure back up to 1.5 bar;
- 2. Make sure that all radiator valves are open;
- Turn on the gas cock and check the seals on the connections with any approved soap solution and eliminate any leaks;
- Press the reset button 28 (Fig. 1) the boiler will re-attempt ignition. If the burner does not light the first time, wait 1 minute and repeat the procedure;
- 5. Check the minimum and maximum CO<sup>2</sup> values and gas rates;- Adjust if necessary using the values indicated in the table in Fig. 31 (page 32)

## 14. Commissioning and testing (continued)

#### 14.3 Adjusting the CO2

- Remove the casing panel as described in Section 18 (page 42);
- Connect a combustion analyser to the test point on top of the boiler Q (Fig. 37);
- 3. Access the seetings menu by pressing the + and keys together for 5 seconds;
- 4. Press the menu button to access Menu 5 and press the setting button once to switch the combustion rate control mode to maximum;
- Adjust the screw on the gas valve (Fig. 38) to set the CO<sup>2</sup> to 9.2% +/- 0.2% (NG) or 10% +/- 0.2% (LPG);
- Press the setting button once to set the combustion control rate mode to minimum, and, if necessary, adjust the screw on the gas valve to set the CO<sup>2</sup> to 9.2% +/- 0.2% (NG) or 9.2% +/- 0.2% (LPG);
- Press the setting button again to set the combustion rate control mode to maximum and if necessary adjust the screw on the gas valve to set the CO<sup>2</sup> to 9.2% +/- 0.2% (NG) or 10% +/- 0.2% (LPG);
- 8. Reassemble in reverse order.



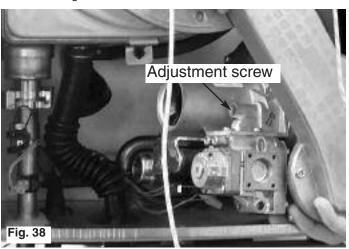
#### 14.4 Gas Conversion

To convert from Natural Gas (G20) to LPG (G31), it is necessary to insert a diaphragm and restrictor between the gas valve and air/gas arm.

Once the conversion has been made, the CO2 setting will need to be checked as described in Section 14.3, for LPG the CO2 reading should be 10% +/- 0.2%.

To convert from LPG (G31) to Natural Gas (G20), it is necessary to remove the diaphragm and restrictor from between the gas valve and air/gas arm.

Once the conversion has been made, the CO2 setting will need to be checked as described in Section 14.3, for NG the CO2 reading should be 9.2% +/- 0.2%.



#### 14.5 Adjusting the maximum heating power

To adjust the maximum heating power it is necessary to access the settings menu by pressing the + and - buttons together for five seconds, and proceed as follows;

- 1. Press the menu button 3 times to access Menu 4;
- 2. Press the (+) button to access Menu 4.9;
- 3. The value is adjustable between 0 and 10, 0 being the minimum output and 10 being the maximum, please refer to the chart on page 32 (Fig. 43) for the settings;
- The maximum central heating output can now be adjusted by pressing the setting button ,;
- 5. To exit the setting mode, do not press any buttons for 1 minute, the boiler will automatically exit the Setting Menu.

#### 14.6 Fitting the external sensor

The external sensor should be fitted 1.5 meters above the floor on a North to North West facing wall.

To connect the external sensor, it is first necessary to remove the casing panel as described in Section 18 (page 42):

Remove the PCB cover as described in Section 18.4 and connect the external sensor as described in Section 18.5; Reassemble in reverse order.

#### 14.7 External sensor set-up (where fitted)

Should the external sensor be fitted, it will be necessary to set the heating curve and adjust the parrallel shift depending on the type of heating system used.

To set up the external sensor, proceed as follows;

- Access the settings menu by pressing the + and buttons together for five seconds;
- 2. Press the button 5 times to access menu 6;
- 3. Press the button, the 3rd and 4th digits will flash;
- 4. Press the + or buttons to change from 1 (sensor not fitted ) to 0 (sensor fitted) and press the button again to select the change;
- 5. Select the thermal curve required from **Table D** (page 31):
- 6. Press the (+) or (-) buttons to change to Section 6.2;
- 7. To adjust the thermal curve, press the button, the 3rd and 4th digits will begin to flash;
- 8. Press the (+) or (-) buttons to select the parameter that best meets your temperature requirement shown in **Table D** (page 31);
- 9. Once the correct parameter has been set, press the key again to confirm the selection.

## 14. Commissioning and testing (continued)

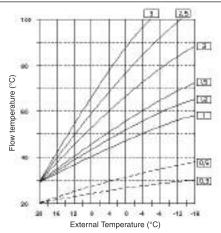


TABLE D

#### 14.8 Setting the parallel shift

In the event that the thermal curve set is giving too high or too low a temperature, there are two options, you can either alter the thermal curve as described in Section 14.7 or adjust the parallel shift of the curve.

To adjust the parallel shift, proceed as follows:

- Access the settings menu by pressing the + and buttons together for five seconds;
- 2. Press the button 5 times to access menu 6;
- 3. Press the button, the 3rd and 4th digits will flash;
- 4. Press the + or buttons to adjust the parallel shift up and down in steps of 1 between 0 and 20 (see **Table E**).

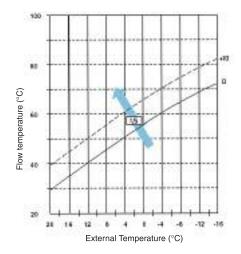


TABLE E

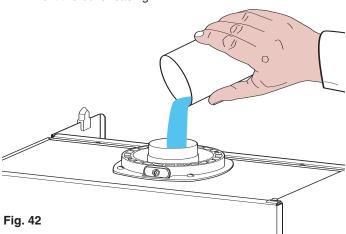
#### 14.9 Completion

For the Republic of Ireland it is necessary to complete a "Declaration of Conformity" to indicate compliance to I.S.813. An example of this is given in the current edition of I.S.813. In addition it is necessary to complete the "benchmark"

In addition it is necessary to complete the Commissioning Checklist in Section 24 of this manual (page 59).

#### 14.10 Operational checks

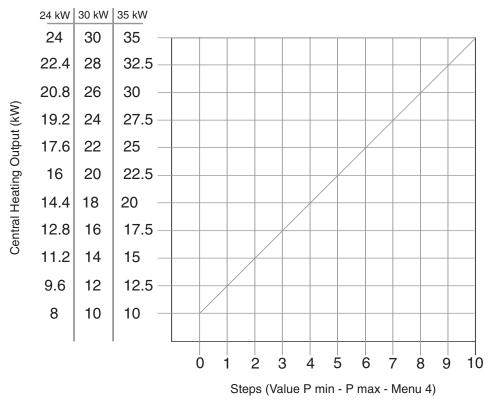
- 1. The system must be visually checked for soundness;
- 2. Fill the condensate trap with water, by pouring 1/2 a litre of water into the exhaust flue connector (see Fig. 42). N.B. In the event of a prolonged period of system shutdown, the condensate trap should be filled before any renewed use. A shortage of water in the trap could possibly lead to a leakage of fumes into the air, until it refills itself.
- 3. Ensure that the flue is fitted correctly.
- Allow the central heating system to warm up and adjust the central heating temperature control knob 30 (Fig.1), check the burner modulates between the high and low settings;
- Range rate the thernal power for central heating as detailed in Section 14.5. To adjust the maximum heating power it is necessary to follow the steps in Section 14.5 Menu 4 (page 38). and adjust in relation to the chart on Page 31 (Fig. 39);
- Run the domestic hot water and adjust to the correct water flow rate, adjust the domestic hot water temperature control knob 29 (Fig.1) to ensure the burner modulates between the high and low settings;
- 7. Balance the central heating system until all return temperatures are correct and equal;
- Turn the boiler off by pressing the On/Off button 26 (Fig.1) to OFF, disconnect the gas pressure gauge, retighten the screw and relight the boiler;
- 9. Re-examine the central heating, domestic hot water and cold water supplies for soundness.
- If external controls have been disconnected, reconnect and test.
- 11. Refit the boiler casing.



#### 14.11 Instructing the end user

- 1. Hand over these instructions and explain how to use the time clock and room thermostat (if fitted) and explain how to register the guarantee;
- Show the end user how to switch the appliance off quickly, and indicate the position of the electric supply isolator.
- 3. Inform the end user of the location of all drains, isolating valves and air vents;
- 4. Explain how to turn the appliance off for both short and long periods and advise on the precautions necessary to prevent damage in the event that the appliance is inoperative when freezing conditions occur;
- Instruct the end user on the correct procedure for checking and refilling the boiler;
- 6. Finally advise the end user that, for continued safe and efficient operation, the appliance must be serviced by a competent person at least once a year.

## 14. Commissioning and testing (continued)



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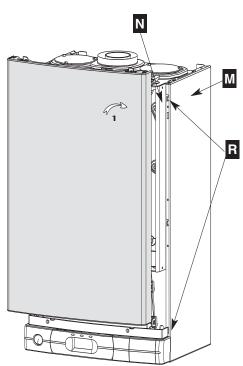
## 15. Fitting the casing

#### Fitting the casing

Remove the protective film on the casing:

- Locate the lower clips into the slots in the chassis
- Engage hooks N on the casing in notches R on the side panels M operation (Fig. 40)
- Fit the top of the panel in place
- Close the panel mounting clamps (Fig. 41)
- Screw in the two clamp locking bolts A

Note: it is essential to refit both locking bolts A



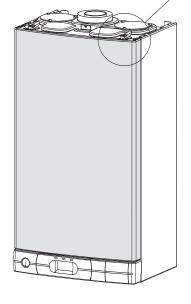




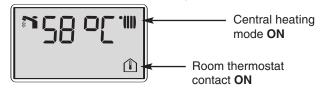
Fig. 39

Fig. 40

### 16. Sequence of operation

#### 16.1 Central Heating Mode

Activation of the time clock and/or room thermostat starts the boiler. The display panel indicates the flow temperature s in central heating as illustrated below:



With the boiler in rest, the diverter valve is in the domestic hot water position, activation of the central heating changes the position of the motorised valve head, moving the diverter valve into the central heating position.

The start of the pump is delayed for 7 seconds to allow the movement of the diverter valve. The PCB checks the pressure of the primary circuit, if the pressure measured is 0.8 bar or lower, the boiler will lockout after 40 seconds. The error code **E02** will appear on the LCD and the pump will stop.

If the pressure measured is above 0.8 bar, the boiler ignition sequence will begin.

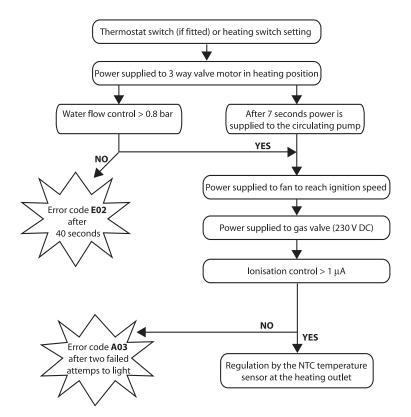
At first, the fan starts and the speed increases to the required ignition speed (3460 rpm), once this speed has been achieved, the safety coil of the gas valve is supplied with 230V DC, after 8 seconds the boiler checks that the burner has lit, if the boiler does not sense that the burner has lit, the error code **E04** will appear on the display, should this error occur, the boiler will attempt to relight two more times (20 seconds between each attempt). After this, should the boiler still not sense a flame, error code **A03** will appear on the LCD. Should the boiler detect that the burner has lit, the boiler continues to regulate as follows.

The NTC fitted on the outlet of the primary circuit exchanger is the only NTC to adjust the heat output of the boiler according to the adjustable setting point. This point is adjustable from 25°C to 85°C by the user. This NTC relays information to the PCB, which in turn modulates the burner by adjusting the speed of the fan.

When the NTC senses that the set temperature has been achieved (+ 4°C to the temperature set by the user), the burner will go out. To avoid excessive burner lighting, an anti-cycle timer can be set between 0 to 7 minutes in menu 4 line 48 (see Section 17 Adjustments and Settings).

The speed of the pump can be set at two levels. The PCB controls the speed of the circulation pump depending on the speed set in menu 4 line 41. Setting 410 will cause the pump to operate continually at high speed, and setting 411 will cause the pump to modulate between high and low speed depending on the  $\Delta T$  between the inlet and the outlet. If the  $\Delta T$  is greater than 20°C the pump will run on high speed and if the  $\Delta T$  is less than 20°C the pump will run on low speed.

NOTE: THE DEFAULT SETTING FOR THE PUMP IS HIGH SPEED.



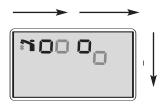
## 16. Sequence of operation

#### 16.2 Domestic Hot Water Mode

The Domestic Hot Water (DHW) production always has priority over the Central Heating (CH) mode.

When a hot tap is turned on, the DHW flow switch is activated. The minimum DHW flow rate is 2 l/min. If the diverter valve is in the CH position it will motor into the DHW position and the boiler will start.

The LCD will show that the boiler is working in hot water mode as below:



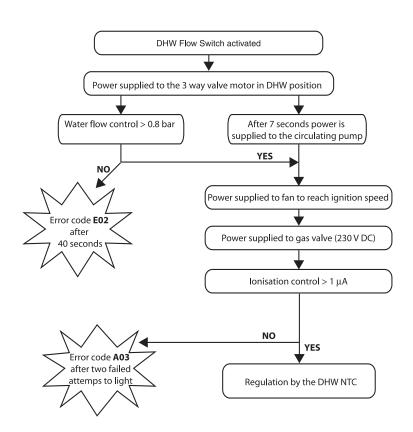
The appliance follows the same operating logic as described in Section 16.1 Central Heating Mode.

In domestic hot water mode NTC1 limits the maximum temperature of the primary heating circuit to 78°C during DHW production, re-ignition will occur at 74°C. The domestic hot water temperature is limited to 64°C, re-ignition will occur at 62°C.

The NTC at the end of the plate heat exchanger is the only NTC used for the regulation according to the DHW setting.

The DHW setting is adjustable from 40°C to 60°C by the user.

The PCB compares the values of the DHW NTC with the setting of the DHW control knob. If the temperature of the DHW NTC is  $4^{\circ}$ C greater than the temperature set on the DHW control knob, the burner will go off, it will restart when the temperature of the DHW NTC is less than +  $2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature set on the DHW control knob.

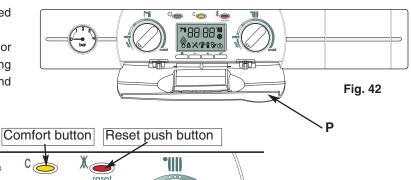


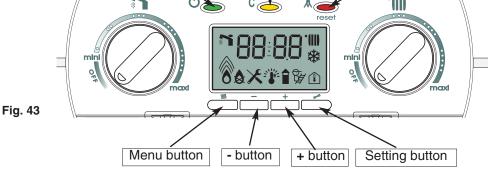
## 17. Adjustments and settings

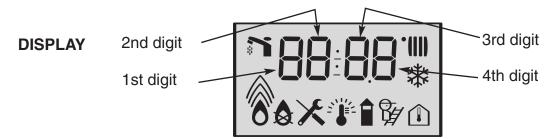
On/Off push button

The boiler is delivered with pre-set values described in menus 3 and 4.

All settings must only be changed by the installer or a qualified person. To gain access to the setting buttons please, open the front door **P**. (Fig. 42) and follow the instructions below.







Pressing the, comfort, reset, menu, +, -, or setting buttons will make the display light. The light will go out 30 seconds after the last key has been pressed.

To gain access to the setting menus press + and - buttons together for 5 seconds. (Fig. 38). Menu 1 is displayed on the 1st digit.

#### Changing the menu:

Press the Menu button [1] (Fig.47). The menu number is displayed for 3 seconds. Press the menu button to change to the next menu

#### Setting a parameter in a section:

Press the (+) key or the key to change from between sections.

<u>Note</u>: When you arrive at the last section of a menu, pressing the  $\bigcirc$  button will change to the 1st section. When you are at the first section, pressing the  $\bigcirc$  key will change to the

last section of the menu.

#### Changing section in a menu (available only for menu 3 and 4):

Press the setting button to enter the modification mode, The 3rd and 4th digits will be flashing, press the to enter the modification mode. The button to select the correct value then press the setting button to select this modification and to exit the setting mode. The 3rd and 4th digit stop flashing.

#### Recalling the basic configuration:

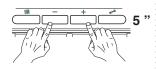
Select menu 3 or 4 then press the + - buttons together for more than 5 seconds. The digits will flash CM for a while to indicate that the operation is completed.

#### Clearing Menu 1 (default register):

Select menu 1 then press the + + - buttons together for more than 5 seconds. The digits will flash **CM** for a while to indicate that the operation is completed.

Note: To exit from setting mode, leave the boiler for approx. 1 minute, the display will switch back to user mode.



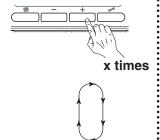


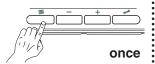


	-	_			9.000
Record	of	the	last	10	defaults

:	Section	Digit 1	Digit 2	Digit 3 and 4	
•	Last default occured	1	0	code from 01 to 99	
• • • • • • •	Last but one default occurred	1	1	code from 01 to 99	
•		1		code from 01 to 99	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Last default occurred before the previous one	1	9	code from 01 to 99	1

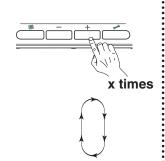
Note -- is displayed if no default is recorded





## Menu - 2 - Boiler conditions

Indicates the conditions or the configurations of the boiler



:	Section	Digit 1	Digit 2	Digit 3 and 4	•
• • • • • • •	Software version of display PCB	2	0	code from 01 to 99	20:
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Software version of main PCB	2	1	code from 01 to 99	<u> </u>
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Flue type	2	2	4 : Condensation	22: 4
• • • • • • •	Room thermostat is calling for heat	2	3	<b>0</b> : no	23: 0
• • • • • •	Troom thermostat is calling for fleat		0	<b>1</b> : yes	23: 1
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Theoretical position of the 3 way valve	2	4	<b>0</b> : DHW	24: 0
• • • • • • •	Theoretical position of the 5 way valve		7	1 : CH	24: 1
• • • • • • •	DHW flow temperature in °C	2	5	from <b>01</b> to <b>99</b>	25:
• • • • • •	Hot water tank Temperature in °C	2	6	from <b>01</b> to <b>99</b>	26:
• • • • • • •	CH flow temperature in °C	2	7	from <b>01</b> to <b>99</b>	27:
	CH return temperature in °C	2	8	from <b>01</b> to <b>99</b>	28:
	Outside temperature (Flashing when negative temperature)	2	9	from <b>01</b> to <b>99</b>	29:

ACTION	CONFIGURATION				DISPLA	ΔY	• • • • •
once	Menu - 3 - Boiler options						Factory setting
	Section	Digit 1	Digit 2	Digit 3 and 4	•		
	DHW Confort mode	3	0	0 : permanent 1 : 30 mn	30: ( * 30: *	0 1	✓
x times	DHW thermostatic kit fitted to boiler? (limits DHW temp to 60°C)	3	1	0 : no 1 : yes	3 l: 1 3 l: 3	0	✓
	Internal time clock action	3	2	central heating and DHW comfort mode      DHW comfort mode      central heating	* 32: *	2	<b>√</b>
	DHW flow switch Delay (time before DHW flow detection to override pressure peak problem)	3	6	<b>0</b> to <b>20</b> 1/10 second	36:	0	V

ACTION	CC	CONFIGURATION						
once	Menu -		Factory					
- +	Section	Digit 1	Digit 2	Digit 3 and 4	]:			
x times	Stop pump after burner stops	4	0	<b>0</b> : no <b>1</b> : yes	40: 0''''	✓		
	Pump speed	4	1	0 : High speed 1 : Low speed	*	<b>√</b>		
	Pump post circulation duration	4	2	0 to 5 min by step 0.5 min	¥2: (0 <b>™</b> *	✓		
		4	3			:		
	Maximum Central Heating flow temperature	4	4	50° to 80° by steps of 1°	¥41:80° <b>™</b> ×	<b>√</b>		
	Minimum Central Heating flow temperature	4	5	25° to 50° by steps of 1°	45:25 <b>™</b> *	<b>√</b>		
		4	6					
	CH anti-cycling delay	4	8	<b>0</b> to <b>7</b> min by step 0.5 min	48.25 <b>"</b>			

CH maximum output limitation

Value from **0** to **10** Pmin & Pmax general

ACTION	CONFIGURATION			
once	Menu - 5 - Combustion rate  Effect  Combustion rate control mode OFF	te control mode (test mode)  Display	5-:	
once	Combustion rate control mode ON	The main exchanger temperature appears on the display. The digit - on the display shows the gas output level. (Top = max, bottom = min).	<b>5_:70</b>	
x times	Gas output setting  To cancel the combustion rate control	To modify the gas output use the + and - buttons.  mode press the "Menu" button.	57:70 %	

#### The combustion rate control mode will be inactive when:

- boiler is in stand by mode
- room thermostat is not calling for heat
- boiler in lockout mode
- after the default settings have been restored or if the main supply fails (power cut)
- if the operator exits the 5th menu
- after 5 minutes if no buttons are pressed

Note: As soon as the combustion rate control mode is active, the Central Heating and Domestic Hot Water control knobs become inactive.

ACTION		CONFIGURATION						
+	once	Menu - 6 - Automatic heating regulation						Factory setting
		Section	Digit 1	Digit 2	Digit 3 and 4			
		Dogwletien en	6	0	0 : External sensor present	60± ★	0.	
		Regulation on	6	0	1 : No external sensor (factory adjustment)	50: *	ļ.IIII	<b>√</b>
x ti	imes	Heating setting in	6	1	Adjustment with inactive external sensor (factory adjustment)	5 ¦: *	0.	<b>√</b>
	) }	automatic/manual mode	O	'	1 : Automatic adjustment with active external sensor	5 t *	ļ. <b>IIII</b>	
		Water law gradient (see table <b>A</b> )	6	2	0,3 0,5 1 1,2 1,5 2 2,5	<b>8</b> 2: ★	10 ···	✓
		Foot of water law gradient (see table <b>B</b> )	6	3	3 from <b>0</b> to <b>20</b> by step 1	63: ⊁	10	<b>√</b>
						•		

- In the event of connection of the external sensor, you must:

  1. Declare the sensor (menu 6.0)

  2. Activate the external sensor automatic adjustment (menu 6.1)

  3. Program the curves (menu 6.2)

  4. Program the compensations (menu 6.3)

# 17. Adjustments and settings (continued)

#### CH anti cycling delay setting:

If you would like to change the setting of CH anti cycling delay, if you want 3 min, proceed as follows: (Note: The factory setting is 2 min 30 seconds and the following explanation refer to menu 4 section 8)

Display 1 Switch to installer mode, press key (+) and (-) for 5 seconds, the display shows :10=0 if there is no default in the default register. 2 **(2**) Press 3 times on menu key 🔳 to gain access to menu 4, the display shows: 40=0 or 40=1 3 Change to section 8 (CH anti cycling **x** 8 delay), press on key (+) 8 times, the display shows :48=2.5 (factory setting 2 min 30 seconds) **4** = menu 4 8 = section 82.5 = 2.5 min (2 min 30 seconds) Press the setting key 🖍 one time, the 3rd and 4th digits flash together, Then press the (+) to change the CH anti cycling delay, the display shows: confirm the value. The display stops flashing. Setting procedure is finished. To exit from setting mode, leave the boiler for approx. 1 minute then the computer will switch back to user mode. After programming please close the

door **P** (Fig. 46 page 35)

## **SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS**

To ensure efficient safe operation, it is recommended that the boiler is serviced annually by a competent person.

Before starting any servicing work, ensure both the gas and electrical supplies to the boiler are isolated and the boiler is cool.

Before and after servicing, a combustion analysis should be made via the flue sampling point.

After servicing, preliminary electrical system checks must be carried out to ensure electrical safety (i.e. polarity, earth continuity, resistance to earth and short circuit).

#### IMPORTANT!

AFTER AN ANNUAL SERVICE, THE SERVICE INTERVAL RECORD (SECTION 25, PAGE 60) MUST BE COMPLETED.

# 18. Replacement of parts

The life of individual components vary and they will need servicing or replacing as and when faults develop.

The fault finding sequence chart in **Section 19** will help to locate which component is the cause of any malfunction, and instructions for removal, inspection and replacement of the individual parts are given in the following pages.

#### 18.1 To Gain General Access

All testing and maintenance operations on the boiler require the control panel to be lowered. This will also require the removal of the casing.

- 1. Unlock the two clamps locking A (see Figs. 44 & 45);
- 2. Remove the front panel from the rest of the casing (see Fig. 46).

#### 18.1.1 Removing the front panel:

- 1. Remove the front panel;
- 2. Unlock the two clamps locking and pivot the electrical box downward (see Fig. 47).

#### 18.1.2 Lowering the control panel:



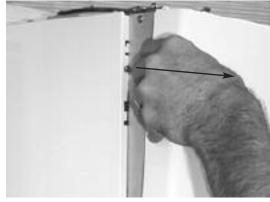


Fig. 46

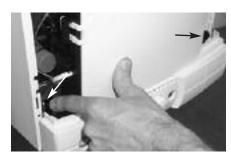
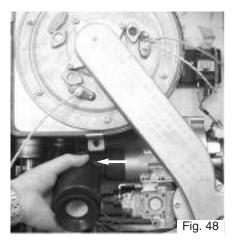


Fig. 47

#### 18.2 Access to the Combustion Chamber

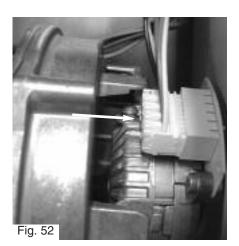
#### 18.2.1 Removing the air gas assembly

- 1. Carry out step 18.1.1;
- 2. Remove the silencer (Fig. 52);
- 3. Disconnect the detection electrode cable (Fig. 53);
- 4. Remove the earth cable from the ignition electrode (Fig. 50), and remove the ignition electrode cable from the ignitor (Fig. 53

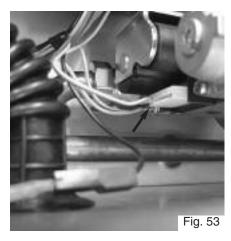




5. Unplug the gas valve and fan connectors (Figs. 52 and 53);



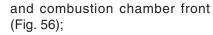
6. Unscrew the 6 nuts D on the combustion chamber (Fig. 54);



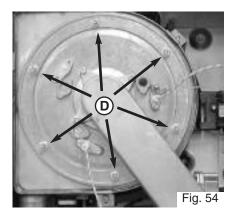
7. Unscrew the gas valve nut E (Fig. 55);

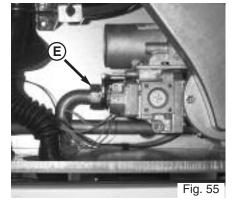
8. Reassemble in reverse order.

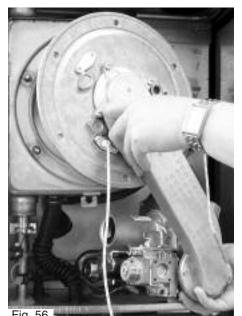
Fig. 51



7. Remove the air gas assembly



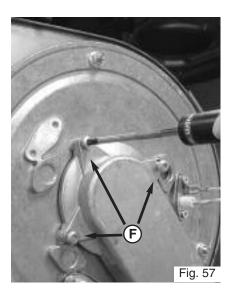






#### 18.2.2 Removing the burner

- 1. Carry out step 18.1.1 and 18.2.1;
- 2. Remove the 3 screws **F** from the air/gas manifold (Fig. 57);
- Slide the burner out from the front, taking care not to damage the insulation (Fig. 58);
- 4. Reassemble in reverse order and checking all seals are undamaged and the burner is positioned correctly (Fig. 59).

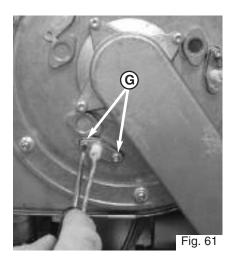


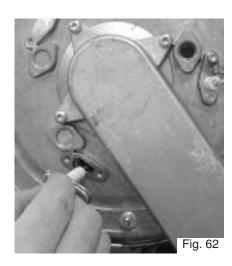




#### 18.2.3 Removing the detection electrode

- 1. Carry out step 18.1.1;
- 2. Remove the 2 screws **G** from the electrode manifold (Fig. 60);
- 3. Pull the electrode from the combustion chamber (Fig. 62);
- Disconnect the detection electrode cable (Fig. 63).
- 5. Reassemble in reverse order.

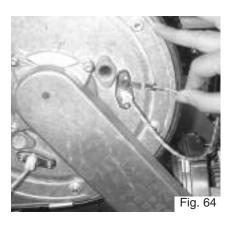


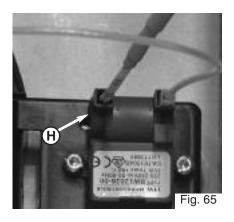


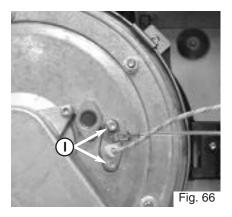


#### 18.2.4 Removing the ignition electrode

- 1. Carry out step 18.1.1;
- 2. Remove the earth cable from the electrode (Fig. 64);
- Remove the electrode cable H from the ignitor (Fig. 65);
- Unscrew the 2 screws I on the electrode (Fig. 66);

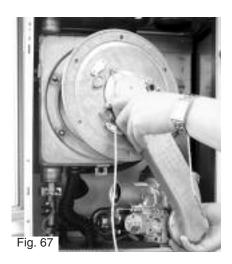






#### 18.2.5 Removing the fan

- 1. Carry out step 18.1.1;
- 2. Remove the air gas manifiold as in 18.2.1 (Fig. 67);

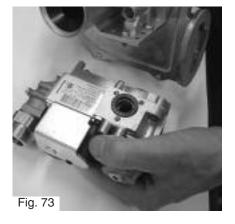


18.2.6 Removing the gas valve

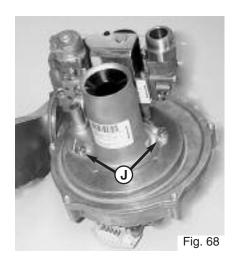
- 1. Carry out step 18.1.1;
- 2. Remove the air gas manifiold as in 18.2.1 (Fig. 70);



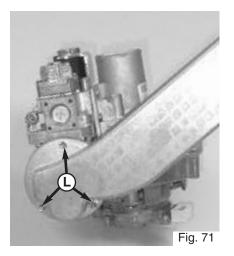
- Remove the gas valve from the venturi. (Fig. 73);
- 6. Reassemble in reverse order;
- The gas valve settings will need to be adjusted (see Section 14.5 page 30);
- 8. Test for tightness on reassembly



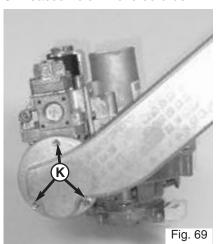
 Unscrew the two screws from the venturi J and remove with the gas valve (Fig. 68);



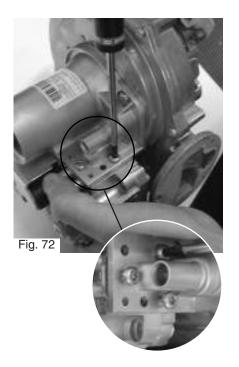
 Unscrew the three screws L on the air/gas pipe and remove (Fig. 71);



- Unscrew the three screws K on the air/gas pipe and remove (Fig. 69);
- 5. Reassemble in reverse order.

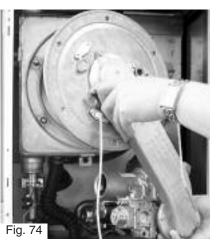


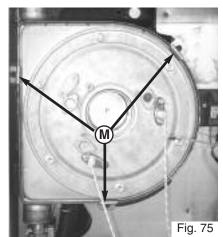
 Unscrew the three screws holding the gas valve on the venturi (Fig. 72);



#### 18.2.7 Removing the heat exchanger

- 1. Carry out step 18.1.1;
- 2. Remove the air gas manifiold as in 18.2.1 (Fig. 74);
- Unscrew the three bolts M from the main heat exchanger (Fig. 75);
- 4. Remove the flow and return pipes and the condense drain pipe from the heat exchanger. (Fig. 76);





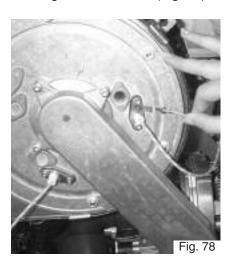


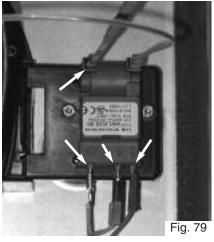
- Remove the heat exchanger from the boiler by sliding out. (Fig. 77);
- 6. Reassemble in reverse order.

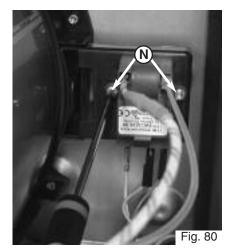


18.2.8 Removing the spark generator

- 1. Carry out step 18.1.1;
- 2. Disconnect the earth cable from the ignition electrode. (Fig. 78);
- Disconnect the ignition electrode, live, neutral and earth cables from the ignitor. (Fig. 79);
- 4. Remove the two screws N from the ignitor and remove (Fig. 80);5. Reassemble in reverse order.







#### 18.3 Access to the Water Circuit

Important! Before any component is removed, the boiler must be drained of all water.

#### 18.3.1 Drain down

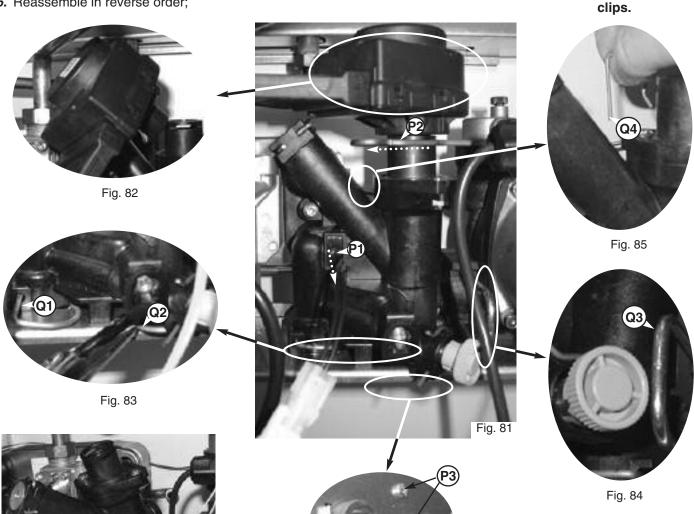
**DHW**: close the DHW inlet tap and open a tap on the installation /

**CH**: Close the flow and return isolating valve and open the pressure relief valve.

#### 18.3.2 Removing the 3 way valve

- 1. Carry out step 18.1.1 and 18.1.2;
- 2. Disconnect the wire from the 3 way valve;
- 3. Remove the clip "P2" and the 3 way valve motor (see Figs. 81 and 82);
- Unscrew the two screws "P3" (Fig. 86) and remove the 4 clips "Q1\* Q4" (see Figs. 83 to 85);
- 5. Remove the 3 way valve body by pulling it toward you (see Fig. 87);
- 6. Reassemble in reverse order;





18.3.3 Removing the float of the flow switch

1. Remove the clip "Q1" fixing the brass connector (see Fig. 83);

Fig. 87

- 2. Disconnect the connecting pipe;
- 3. Pull down the brass connector and catch simultaneously the float (see Figs. 88 & 89);
- 4. Reassemble in reverse order;

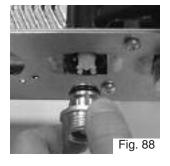


Fig. 86



#### 18.3.4 Removing the secondary heat exchanger

- 1. Carry out step 18.1.1 and 18.1.2;
- 2. Remove the 3 way valve motor as in step 18.3.2;
- 3. Disconnect the expansion vessel pipe.

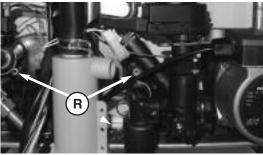


Fig. 90

- 4. Unscrew the two fixing screws **R** and pull the heat exchanger toward you (see Figs. 90 & 91);
- 5. Reassemble in reverse order; The heat exchanger is so designed that it cannot be remounted incorrectly;



Fig. 91

#### 18.3.5 Removing the pump

- 1. Carry out step 18.1.1;
- 2. Lower the electrical box cover as in step 18.1.2;
- 3. Remove the PCB cover;
- **4.** Remove the pump plug from the control board and earth plug from earth socket (see Fig. 92);



Fig. 92

4. Unscrew the pump nut (see Fig. 93);



Fig. 93

- **6.** Pull the pump toward you and remove the clip **S3** securing the pressure gauge (see Fig. 95);
- 7. Reassemble in reverse order.



5. Remove the clip **S2** on the pump volute (see Fig. 94);

Fig. 94



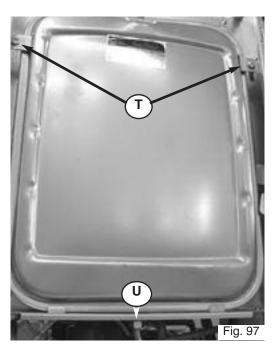
Fig. 95

#### 18.3.6 Removing the pressure relief valve

- 1. Carry out step 18.1.1 and 18.3.1;
- 2. Remove the clip securing the valve (see Fig. 99) and pull it toward you;
- Reassemble in reverse order; take care to ensure the valve is in the correct position;

#### 18.3.7 Removing the expansion vessel

- 1. Carry out step 18.3.1;
- 2. Isolate the gas supply and disconnect all pipe connections;
- 3. Remove the boiler from the wall
- 4. Remove the two screws T (see Fig. 97);



18.3.8 Removing the overheat thermostat

- 1. Remove the casing as in step 18.1.1;
- 2. Pull off the thermostat connections. Then remove the thermostat from the pipe by releasing it's securing clip (see Fig. 99).

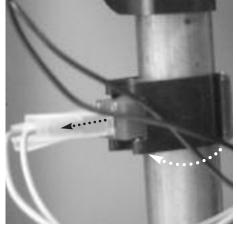
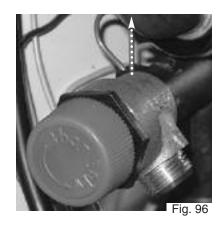


Fig. 99



- 5. Unscrew the nut U (see Fig. 98);
- 6. Pull the expansion vessel toward you to remove it;
- 7. Reassemble in reverse order.



18.3.9 Removing the temperature sensors (N.T.C's)

- 1. Remove the casing as in step 18.1.1;
- 2. Pull off the NTC connections. Then remove the NTC from the pipe by releasing it's securing clip (see Fig. 100).

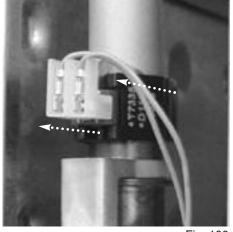
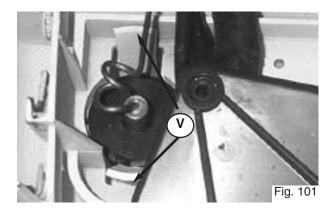


Fig. 100

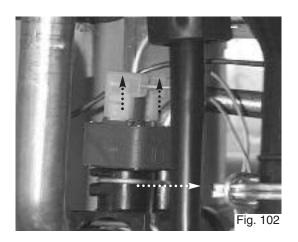
#### 18.3.10 Removing the pressure gauge

- 1. Carry out step 18.4.6;
- Remove the pressure gauge by releasing the two clips V and pulling the pressure gauge out. (see Fig. 101)



#### 18.3.11 Removing the pressure switch

- 1. Remove the casing as in step 18.1.1;
- **2.** Pull off the connections. Then remove the pressure switch by releasing it's securing clip (see Fig. 102).



#### 18.4 Access to the Control System

#### 18.4.1 Removing the P.C.B.s

- 1. Carry out steps 18.1.1 and 18.1.2;
- 2. Remove the screw W1 from the electrical box (see Fig. 103);
- 3. Release the three clips **W2** and remove the electrical box cover (see Fig. 104);



Fig. 103

 Remove the two screws W3 from the front control panel and lower the front control panel (see Fig. 105);

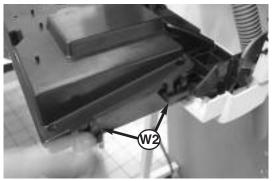


Fig. 104

 Remove all electrical connections from the display PCB (see Fig. 106);



Fig. 105



Fig. 109

- To remove the display PCB, remove the two screw W3 and lift the PCB out (see Fig. 107);
- 7. Reassemble in reverse order;

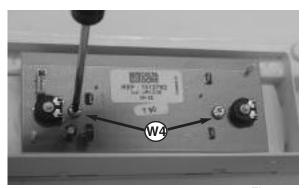


Fig. 107

- To remove the main PCB disconnect all electrical connections and remove the two screws W5 (see Fig. 110);
  - Do not forget to swap the EEPROM key when removing the old PCB in order to replace it on the new one.
- 9. Reassemble in reverse order.

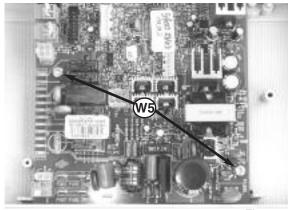


Fig. 108

#### 18.4.2 Removing the fuses

- 1. Carry out step 18.4.1;
- 2. Remove the fuses "X" (see Fig. 111)
- 3. Reassemble in reverse order.

Note: Fuse rating = 2Amp fast fuse

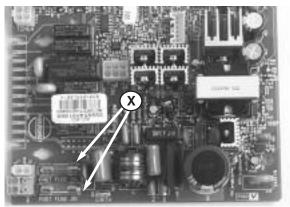


Fig. 109

#### 18.5 Connecting the external sensor

- 1. Reach to the main PCB as in step 18.4.1;
- 2. Install the interface module supplied in the kit on the main PCB (see Fig. 110)
- **3.** Connect the wires between the external sensor and the interface (see Fig. 110).

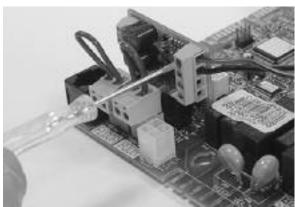
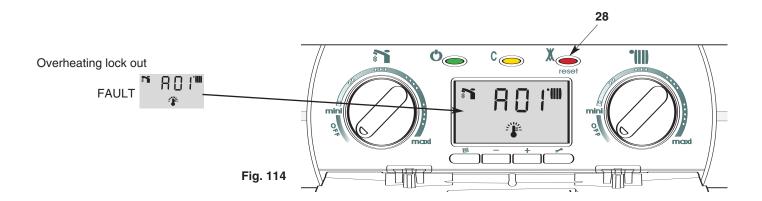


Fig. 110

# 19. Incorrect function

In case of problem, or when the boiler has displayed an error code, the display flashes 2 digits. Please refer to the table below to diagnose the fault.

For faults 01 and 03, **A** appears on the display, the boiler is locked and the reset button illuminates (28). To reset the boiler press the reset button **28**.



Code	Fault description
A 01	Overheating lock out
A 03	No flame after safety timer
A 36	Flue pipe too high temperature
A 37	CPU fault
A 39	MCU fault 1
A 40	MCU fault 2
A 41	Fan error
E 02	Pump protect
E 04	No flame detection
E 05	Anti freezing system, pump on
E 06	Anti freezing system, pump and burner on
E 07	No water circulation in primary circuit
E 08	No water in the primary circuit
E 09	DHW sensor open circuit
E 10	DHW sensor short circuit
E 11	Flow sensor open circuit
E 12	Flow sensor short circuit
E 13	Return sensor open circuit
E 14	Return sensor short circuit
E 15	Outdoor sensor open circuit (if fitted)
E 16	Outdoor sensor short circuit (if fitted)
E 18	Flame lift
E 20	Flame detect with gas valve off
E 22	Fault air pressure switch
E 23	Low extractor speed
E 29	Room sensor open circuit
E 30	Room sensor short circuit
E 33	Floor heating thermostat open circuit (if fitted)
E 37	Communication problem with the main PCB
E 38	Reset button pressed 5 times in 15 minutes

## 19. Incorrect function (continued)

Fault	Cause	Solution	
The boiler doesn't start	No gas, no water or no electricity	Control gas, water and electrical supply, fuses	
	Air in the gas pipe	Purge the air from the gas pipe	
	Room thermostat switched off	Turn the room thermostat up	
Red indicator alight		Wait for a few minutes Press the reset button 28 (Fig. 115) the red led goes out and the boiler attempts to re-light. If the red indicator lights too frequently, please call your local service centre.	
Noises in CH system	Air presence in CH system or. Insufficient pressure	Purge the system of air and increase the system pressure (Section 2, page 6)	
Radiators rise in temperature During summer season	Gravity effect in the CH system	Close the heating flow isolating valve (41 Fig. 2, page 5). Don't forget to open it again before starting the heating.	

If these solutions do not cure the fault, call a qualified professional

## 20. Maintenance

#### 20.1 General remarks

It is recommended that the following inspections be carried out on the boiler at least once a year;

- Check the seals in the water group, and if necessary, replace the gasket and restore the seal to perfect working order;
- Check the seals in the gas group, and if necessary replace the gaskets and restore the seal to perfect working order;
- 3. Visually check the overall condition of the boiler;
- Visually check the combustion, and if necessary, disassemble and clean the burner;
- Following inspection 3, disassemble and clean the combustion chamber as necessary;
- 6. Following inspection 4, disassemble and clean the injector, if necessary;
- 7. Clean the primary heat exchanger. (see Section 20.2);
- Check and adjust the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions as necessary (see Section 14.3);
- 9. Check the correct operation of the heating safety devices:Overheat thermostat

- Check the correct operation of the flow switches;
- 11. Check the correct operation of the low pressure switch;
- 12. Check the diverter valve movement;
- 13. Check the correct operation of the gas group safety devices:
  - absence of gas or flame safety device (ionisation);
- Check that the electrical connections are correct (as described in Section 13, page 27 Fig 38);
- 15. Check the efficiency of the production of domestic hot water (test the flow rate and temperature rise);
- 16. Carry out a general inspection of the boiler;
- 17. Check the flue and termination point;
- Remove any oxide from the detection electrode by using an emery cloth.

#### 20.2 Cleaning the primary exchanger

#### Cleaning the exhaust side

Remove the air gas assembly (Section 18.2.1). Check that the exhaust passages are free, if there are deposits present, clean the exchanger with compressed air or wash with water

# 20. Maintenance Instructions (continued)

or a vinegar based detergent.

#### Cleaning the water side

Use detergents that dissolve CaCO3. Leave to act for a short time and then rinse.

#### 20.3 Operational test

Make sure that the detergent does not remain inside the exchanger.

Unscrew the lower part of the condensate trap and clean it. Fill it with water and replace.

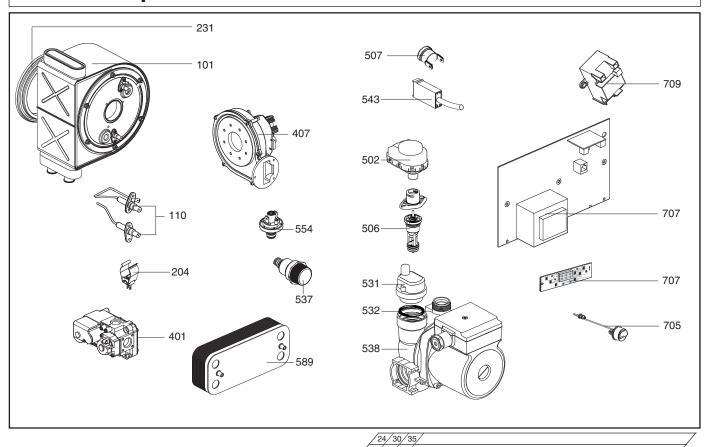
After carrying out the maitenance operation, fill the heating circuit to a pressure of approximately 1.5 bar and release the air from the system. Also fill the domestic hot water system.

- Place the boiler in operation.
- If necessary, release the air again from the heating system.
- Check the settings, seals and the correct functioning of the system for expelling the products of combustion and drawing combustion air.
- Check the settings and correct operation of all the control, regulation and monitoring components.
- Check that the burner ignites properly and carry out a visual check of the burner flame.
- Check that the 3 bar safety valve is operating correctly.
- Check the operation of the time control and room thermostat (if fitted).

NOTE: THESE CHECKS ARE NOT EXHAUSTIVE

Onve the boiler has been serviced it is necessary to omplete the Service Interval Record (Section 25, page 61)

# 21. Short spares list



				,		
Key	N° / Description	G.C N°/Manf. Pt.	N° / Type /	1111		/Manf. dat
•	•		/ /	/	FF	from / to
100	BURNER ASSEMBLY					
101	BURNER 24KW	61313760	•			
	BURNER 30KW	61313763		•		
	BURNER 35KW	61314834			•	
200	FAN ASSEMBLY					
204	TEMPERATURE PROBE	990686	•	•	•	
231	GASKET D:129.4	61306030	•	•	•	
400	GAS SECTION					
401	GAS SECTION ASSY	61307584	•			
	GAS SECTION ASSY	61310129		•		
	GAS SECTION ASSY	61315410			•	
107	FAN ASSY	61314434	•	•	•	
500	HYDRAULIC BLOCK					
502	MOTOR - THREE-WAY VALVE	61302483	•	•	•	
506	VALVE KIT	61311597	•	•	•	
507	OVERHEAT THERMOSTAT 100°C	61010572	•	•	•	
531	AIR SEPARATOR HEAD ASSEMBLY	61304608	•	•	•	
532	GASKET KIT	61304618	•	•	•	
537	PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE	61312668	•	•	•	
538	PUMP + AIR SEPARATOR 15/50	61301964	•	•	•	
	PUMP + AIR SEPARATOR 15/60	61303461	•	•	•	
543	STOPPED WATER THROTTLE	61311745	•	•	•	
554	PRESSURE SENSOR 0.8B	61310364	•	•	•	
589	WATER/WATER HEAT EXCHANGER	61302409	•			
	WATER/WATER HEAT EXCHANGER	61314111		•		
	WATER/WATER HEAT EXCHANGER	61311400			•	
700	ELECTRICAL BOX					
705	PRESSURE GAUGE	61313561	•	•	•	
707	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	65102353	•	•	•	
	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD ADJUST.	61312782	•	•	•	
	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD CONNECT.	61314958	•	•	•	
709	IGNITER	61002105-20		•	•	

# 22. Notes

# 23. Technical data

Model				Minim	a HE 24	
CE certificate				1312-BP-4083		
Performance category				*	***	
NoX class					5	
SEDBUK		Ва	and (%)	Α	(90)	
Category				II2	H3P	
Heating output	80°C/60°C		kW	7 t	o 24	
Heating output	50°C/30°C		kW	7 t	o 26	
Variable hot water power	Pn max		kW	2	24	
Nominal gas flow rate (1	5 °C-1013 mbar)			min	max	
Central Heating & DHW flo	ow rate	Qn	kW	7.5	25	
G 20 (NG H -Lacq)	34.02 MJ/m³ under 20 mbar	Vr	m³/h	0.79	2.65	
G 31 (Propane)	46.4 MJ/kg 37 under mbar	Vr	kg/h	0.58	1.94	
Membrane Diameter (mm	n)/marking				1	
G 20			mm	Wi	thout	
G 31 (propane)			mm		4.4	
Adjustable heating outlet t	emperature:		°C	25	to 85	
Central heating minimum flow rate			I/h	3	800	
Central heating circuit max	ximum pressure Pw	max	bar		3	
Central heating expansion	vessel capacity		L		6	
Expansion vessel inflation	pressure		bar	(	).7	
Adjustable hot water temp	perature		°C	40	to 70	
DHW ignition flow rate			l/min.		2	
DHW specific flow rate (Δ	T: 30 K)	D	l/min.	1	2.0	
DHW start minimum press	sure Pw	min	bar	0.5		
Maximum pressure of DH	W circuit Pw	max	bar		10	
DHW expansion vessel			L	wit	hout	
Electric voltage				230 volt, singl	e phase - 50 Hz	
Electrical input power			W	1	50	
Electrical protection				IP)	K 4D	
Fresh air flow rate require	d for combustion	V	m³h.	2	29	
Mass flow rate for combus	stion products		g/s	1	0.9	
Fume temperature (60-80	)		°C	-	79	
Fume temperature (30-50	)		°C	(	60	
CO2 G20			%	Ş	9.5	
CO2 G31			%	% 10		
Dimensions	Height /	Width / Dep	oth (mm)	720 / 390 / 296		
Weight	-		kg		37	

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Model					Minim	a HE 30	
CE certificate					1312-BP-4084		
Performance category					*	***	
NoX class						5	
SEDBUK			В	and (%)	A (9	90.2)	
Category					II2	H3P	
Heating output	80°C/60°C			kW	9 t	o 29	
Heating output	50°C/30°C			kW	9 t	0 32	
Variable hot water power	Pn max			kW	2	29	
Nominal gas flow rate (15 °C	C-1013 mbar)				min	max	
Central Heating & DHW flow r	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Qn	kW	9,4	30	
	34.02 MJ/m³ under 20 r	nbar	Vr	m³/h	0.99	3.17	
G 31 (Propane)	46.4 MJ/kg 37 under m	bar	Vr	kg/h	0.73	2.33	
Membrane Diameter (mm)/ma							
G 20	-			mm	wi	thout	
G 31 (propane)				mm		4.8	
Adjustable heating outlet temp	perature:			°C	25	to 85	
Central heating minimum flow	rate			l/h	3	00	
Central heating circuit maximum pressure Pw max			bar		3		
Central heating expansion ves	ssel capacity			L		6	
Expansion vessel inflation pre	ssure			bar	C	).7	
Adjustable hot water temperat	ture			°C	40 to 70		
DHW ignition flow rate				l/min.		2	
DHW specific flow rate (ΔT: 30	0 K)		D	l/min.	15.0		
DHW start minimum pressure		Pw min		bar	0.5		
Maximum pressure of DHW ci	ircuit	Pw max		bar	10		
DHW expansion vessel				L	without		
Electric voltage					230 volt, single	e phase - 50 Hz	
Electrical input power				W	1	50	
Electrical protection					IP)	〈 4D	
Fresh air flow rate required for	r combustion		V	m³h.	3	36	
Mass flow rate for combustion products				1:	3.5		
Fume temperature (60-80)			°C	7	74		
Fume temperature (30-50)			°C	Ę	59		
CO2 G20				%	g	0.2	
CO2 G31				%	-	10	
Dimensions	Н	eight / Widt	h / Dep	oth (mm)	720 / 3	90 / 360	
Weight				kg	4	10	
Flue duct type					C13 C33	3 C43 C53	

This appliance is suitable for Natural gas or LPG. A gas conversion must be made by a competent person.

Model				Minim	a HE 35
CE certificate				1312-	BP-4084
Performance category				*	***
NoX class					5
SEDBUK		В	and (%)	A (	90.1)
Category				II2	H3P
Heating output	80°C/60°C		kW	9 t	o 32
Heating output	50°C/30°C		kW	9 t	o 35
Variable hot water power	pn max		kW	,	35
Nominal gas flow rate (1	5 °C-1013 mbar)			min	max
Central Heating & DHW fl	<u> </u>	Qn	kW	10	33.5
G 20 (NG H -Lacq)	34.02 MJ/m³ under 20 mbar	Vr	m³/h	1.05	3.54
G 31 (Propane)	46.4 MJ/kg 37 under mbar	Vr	kg/h	0.78	2.60
Membrane Diameter (mn	<del>_</del>				
G 20	, 3		mm	Wi	thout
G 31 (propane)			mm		5
Adjustable heating outlet	temperature:		°C	25	to 85
Central heating minimum flow rate			I/h	3	600
Central heating circuit ma	ximum pressure Pw	/ max	bar		3
Central heating expansion	n vessel capacity		L		6
Expansion vessel inflation	pressure		bar	(	).7
Adjustable hot water temp	perature		°C	40	to 70
DHW ignition flow rate			l/min.		2
DHW specific flow rate (Δ	T: 30 K)	D	l/min.	1	6.7
DHW start minimum press	sure Pı	w min	bar	(	).5
Maximum pressure of DH	W circuit Pw	/ max	bar		10
DHW expansion vessel			L	wit	hout
Electric voltage				230 volt, singl	e phase - 50 Hz
Electrical input power			W	1	50
Electrical protection				IPX	K 4D
Fresh air flow rate require	d for combustion	V	m³h.	,	40
Mass flow rate for combustion products					15
Fume temperature (60-80)			°C		75
Fume temperature (30-50)			°C		53
CO2 G20			%	Ş	9.1
CO2 G31			%	Ş	9.8
Dimensions	Height ,	/ Width / Dep	oth (mm)	720 / 3	90 / 360
Weight		·	kg		41
Flue duct type			<del>-</del>	C13 C33	3 C43 C53

This appliance is suitable for Natural gas or LPG. A gas conversion must be made by a competent person.

# 24. Benchmark Commissioning Checklist



		BENCHMARK		
benchmark G	AS BOILER COM	MISSION	ING CI	HECKLIS
BOILER SERIAL No.	NOTIFICATIO			
CONTROLS To comply with the Building Regulation	ns, each section must have a tick in one	or other of the box	es	
TIME & TEMPERATURE CONTROL TO HEATING	ROOM T/STAT & PROGRAMMER/T	MER P	ROGRAMMABI	LE ROOMSTAT
TIME & TEMPERATURE CONTROL TO HOT WATER	CYLINDER T/STAT & PROGRAMMER/T		(	COMBI BOILER
HEATING ZONE VALVES	FIT	TED _	NC	T REQUIRED
HOT WATER ZONE VALVES	FII	TED	NC	T REQUIRED
THERMOSTATIC RADIATOR VALVES	FIT	TED		
AUTOMATIC BYPASS TO SYSTEM	FIT	TED	NC	T REQUIRED
FOR ALL BOILERS CONFIRM THE FOLLO	WING			
THE SYSTEM HAS BEEN FLUSHED IN ACCORD.	ANCE WITH THE BOILER MANUFACT	URER'S INSTRUC	CTIONS?	
THE SYSTEM CLEANER USED				
THE INHIBITOR USED				
FOR THE CENTRAL HEATING MODE, MEA	ASURE & RECORD			
GAS RATE			m³/hr	ft³/hr
BURNER OPERATING PRESSURE (IF APPLICAB	LE)		N/A	mbar
CENTRAL HEATING FLOW TEMPERATURE	,			°C
CENTRAL HEATING RETURN TEMPERATURE				°C
FOR COMBINATION BOILERS ONLY				
HAS A WATER SCALE REDUCER BEEN FITTED?	) 			YES NO
WHAT TYPE OF SCALE REDUCER HAS BEEN FI				120 - 110 -
FOR THE DOMESTIC HOT WATER MODE,	MEASURE & RECORD			
·	WLASUNL & NECOND		0,4	#3/l
GAS RATE  MAXIMUM BURNER OPERATING PRESSURE (IF	ADDI ICADI E)		m³/hr	ft³/hr
COLD WATER INLET TEMPERATURE	APPLICABLE)		N/A	°C
HOT WATER OUTLET TEMPERATURE				°C
WATER FLOW RATE				Its/mir
FOR CONDENSING BOILERS ONLY CONF	FIRM THE FOLLOWING			
THE CONDENSATE DRAIN HAS BEEN INSTALLE				
THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS?	B INTROCORDANCE WITH			YES
FOR ALL INSTALLATIONS CONFIRM THE	FOLLOWING			
THE HEATING AND HOT WATER SYSTEM COMP	PLIES			
THE APPLIANCE AND ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S		SSIONED		
IF REQUIRED BY THE MANUFACTURER, HAVE YO	U RECORDED A CO/CO2 RATIO READI	NG? N/A	YES	CO/CO2 RATIO
THE OPERATION OF THE APPLIANCE AND SYS' CONTROLS HAVE BEEN DEMONSTRATED TO T				
THE MANUFACTURER'S LITERATURE HAS BEE				
COMMISSIONING ENG'S NAME PRINT _		CORGI ID No		
SIGN		DATE		

# 23. Service Interval Record

### SERVICE INTERVAL RECORD

It is recommended that your heating system is serviced regularly and that you complete the appropriate Service Interval Record Below.

**Service Provider.** Before completing the appropriate Service Interval Record below, please ensure you have carried out the service as described in the boiler manufacturer's instructions. Always use the manufacturer's specified spare part when replacing all controls

SERVICE 1 DATE	SERVICE 2 DATE
ENGINEER NAME	ENGINEER NAME
COMPANY NAME	COMPANY NAME
TEL No.	TEL No.
CORGI ID CARD SERIAL No.	CORGI ID CARD SERIAL No.
COMMENTS	COMMENTS
SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE
SERVICE 3 DATE	SERVICE 4 DATE
ENGINEER NAME	ENGINEER NAME
COMPANY NAME	COMPANY NAME
TEL No.	TEL No.
CORGI ID CARD SERIAL No.	CORGI ID CARD SERIAL No.
COMMENTS	COMMENTS
SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE
SERVICE 5 DATE	SERVICE 6 DATE
ENGINEER NAME	ENGINEER NAME
COMPANY NAME	COMPANY NAME
TEL No.	TEL No.
CORGI ID CARD SERIAL No.	CORGI ID CARD SERIAL No.
COMMENTS	COMMENTS
SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE
910111111111111111111111111111111111111	
SERVICE 7 DATE	SERVICE 8 DATE
ENGINEER NAME	ENGINEER NAME
COMPANY NAME	COMPANY NAME
TEL No.	TEL No.
CORGI ID CARD SERIAL No.	CORGI ID CARD SERIAL No.
COMMENTS	COMMENTS
SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE
SERVICE 9 DATE	SERVICE 10 DATE
ENGINEER NAME	ENGINEER NAME
COMPANY NAME	COMPANY NAME
TEL No.	TEL No.
CORGI ID CARD SERIAL No.	CORGI ID CARD SERIAL No.
COMMENTS	COMMENTS
CICNATUDE	CICNATURE
SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE

# TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF GUARANTEE

Please read these terms and conditions which are in addition to any terms and conditions detailed in this book or any registration card supplied with your appliance.

#### A charge will be made to the owner of the appliance if:

- The reason for any service visit is as a direct result of a failure to install the appliance in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- Your installer does not complete the necessary commissioning process and procedure as detailed in the Installation and Operating Instructions.
- Your appliance is not serviced on or before the 12 month anniversary of installation - this only applies to appliances with a 2 and 5 year guarantee.
- Our service engineer calls as requested and the failure is a non-manufacturing defect.

Failure to pay an invoice for any such occurence **will** be assumed by MTS that you accept that your appliance has not been installed correctly and understand that any manufacturer's guarantee has been withdrawn.

On the 12 month anniversary of the appliance installation, you must have it serviced to continue any guarantee offered into the following year. Failure to do so **will** invalidate your guarantee and should an MTS engineer be required to attend and no proof of service documentation is made available, then MTS **will** charge.

As part of the commissioning process, it is a legal requirement to register all boiler installations or replacements with CORGI. Upon registration a "Certification Number" will be issued followed by a "Declaration of Safety" Certificate. MTS (GB) Ltd cannot be called upon to carry out any work under the manufacturer's guarantee without proof of registration. The registration number must be quoted when requesting a service visit, and the "Declaration of Safety" Certficate subsequently shown to the service engineer. If the certificate is not made available, the engineer will not work on the appliance and a wasted call charge will be made.

If you have a problem with commissioning on installation, please contact our **Technical Department on 0870 241 8180** 

Please remove the completed boiler the please remove the completed boiler this box checklist sticker from this box commissioning checklist and place in this box commissioning the boiler and place reference for customer reference for customer reference